# The Bombay Gazette.

No. 6,957.—New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, JUNE 29, 1868. Annual Subscription in advance...Rupees Fifty Two.


## THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

| | |
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| For year in advance, delivered in Town.....Rs. 58 | 0 |
| including postage ..... „ 77 | 0 |
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LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| First insertion ..... 7 As. per line. | |
| Second Ditto ..... 4 „ „ | |
| Third and succeeding 2 „ „ | |

In the Native languages, double the above.

Domestic Occurrences, Each—Rupee 1.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ten lines and under | |
| First insertion ..... Rs. 5 | 0 |
| Second Ditto ..... „ 2 | 8 |
| Third Ditto ..... „ 2 | 8 |
| Fourth and succeeding insertions ..... 0 | 2 As. per |

line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

## DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

*The Charge for notifying a Domestic Occurrence is One Rupee and the announcement must be authenticated.*

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

SMITH—May 23rd, at Kanully, Deccan, T. Hitchins Smith, Esq., Assistant Engineer G. I. P. Railway.

## SHIPPING.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED), under Contract with Government, despatch Steamers as above with Mails, Passengers, and Cargo on the following dates:—

| Leave Bombay | | Leave Calcutta | |
|---|---|---|---|
| „ Carwar | 15 | „ Bimlipatam | 15 |
| „ Cochin | 19 | „ Vizagapatam | 18 |
| „ Tuticorin | 20 | „ Coconada | 19 |
| „ Colombo | 20 | „ Madras | 23 |
| „ Galle | and | „ Pondicherry | and |
| „ Negapatam | 24 | „ Negapatam | 24 |
| „ Pondicherry | and | „ Galle | and |
| „ Madras | 27 | „ Colombo | 27 |
| „ Coconada | 29 | „ Tuticorin | 28 |
| „ Vizagapatam | 30 | „ Cochin | 29 |
| „ Bimlipatam | 31 | „ Carwar | 2 |
| Arrive Calcutta | 3 | Arrive Bombay | 6 |

The Steam Ship "CASHMERE," 1,850 Tons, 200 H. P., Commander H. J. Dickenson, will be despatched on WEDNESDAY, the 15th July, at noon.

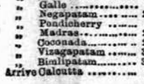
The steamers leaving Calcutta and Bombay on the 15th of the month call at Tuticorin and Colombo.

Passengers for Rangoon, Akyab or Moulmein can proceed by the steamers of the 15th, and transhipto the Rangoon mail steamer, which leaves Madras on the 3rd.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF VIA KURRACHEE.

(Interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company.)



THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED), under Mail Contract with Government, will despatch a Steamer every 14 days, to the Persian Gulf, touching at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao and Bussorah:

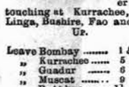
| Up. | June. | Down. | June July |
|---|---|---|---|
| Leave Bombay | 1 & 15 | Leave Bussorah | 30 4 |
| „ Kurrachee | 5 19 | „ Fao | 30 4 |
| „ Gwadur | 6 20 | „ Bushire | 23 8 |
| „ Muscat | 9 23 | „ Linga | 25 9 |
| „ B. Abbas | 11 25 | „ B. Abbas | 27 11 |
| „ Linga | 12 26 | „ Muscat | 29 13 |
| „ Bushire | 14 29 | July. | |
| „ Fao | 16 30 | „ Gwadur | 1 15 |
| July. | | „ Kurrachee | 4 18 |
| Arrive Bussorah | 17 1 | Arrive Bombay | 7 21 |

The Steam-ship "GOVERNOR HIGGINSON," 655 tons, 160 H. P. Commander T. Sanders, will be despatched on MONDAY, the 29th June, at noon.

*N.B.*—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.

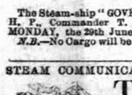


THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED), under Mail Contract with Government, and in connexion with the Weekly Service from England, despatch a Steamer to Kurrachee every MONDAY at noon.

The Steam-ship "COMORIN," 560 tons, 140 H. P., Commander R. L. Turner, will be despatched on MONDAY, the 6th July, at noon.

*N. B.*—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.



STEAM FERRIES (under contract with Government).—Steam Ferry Boats will ply across the Harbour daily, stopping at the undermentioned Bunders:—

| Fares from Bombay to | Rewas. | Dhurmtur. | Oorun. | Oolwa |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. A. | Rs. A. | Rs. A. | Rs. A. |
| First Class | 2 0 | 3 0 | 2 0 | 3 0 |
| Second Class | 0 12 | 1 0 | 0 8 | 0 15 |
| Third Class | 0 6 | 0 8 | 0 4 | 0 9 |

The Dhurrumtur Ferry leaves Carnac Bunder, daily at 8 A.M and Dhurrumtur at 1 P.M.

The Oolwa Ferry leaves Carnac Bunder daily at 9 A.M. and Oolwa at 1 P.M.

Passengers are required to obtain Tickets from the Bunder Clerk previous to proceeding on board.

J. A. SHEPHERD.

Apollo Street, Bombay, 5th November, 1867.

WEEKLY COMMUNICATION WITH ENGLAND.

On TUESDAY, the 30th June, at 3 P.M., from Mazagon

THE P. & O. Co.'s S. S "BARODA," (1873 tons, 400 H.P.) Captain N. W. Haselwood, will leave for Suez as above, carrying H. M.'s Mails; also Passengers and Cargo for that Port, Marseilles, Southampton, &c.

Cargo can also be booked through to Trieste, Liverpool, or London.

No Cargo can be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

Parcels will be received at this Office until 11 A.M. on MONDAY, the 29th instant.

Passengers are requested to send their heavy baggage to Mazagon before 10 A.M. on the day of the Steamer's departure, in order that it may be weighed and labelled previous to shipment.

A small Steamer will leave Mazagon Bunder for the convenience of Passengers at 3 P.M., precisely, on the day of sailing.

G. F. HENRY, Superintendent.

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office, Rampart Row, Bombay, 24th June 1868.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Cargo, per Ship "CITY OF PEKIN," arrived from Glasgow, are requested to despatch Boats at once to take delivery, otherwise the same will be landed by the Captain at the risk and expense of the concerned.

W. NICOL & Co.,
Agents of Ship *City of Pekin.*

Bombay, 26th June 1868.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Cargo, per Ship "HAMILLA MITCHELL," Captain Branscombe, from Liverpool, are requested to send Boats alongside to take delivery of their Goods as they come to hand, failing which they will be landed by the Captain at the risk and expense of the concerned.

Captain Branscombe will not be responsible for the condition of any Package after it leaves the Ship's deck.

STENHOUSE & Co.,
Agents Ship *Hamilla Mitchell.*

Bombay, 25th June 1868.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Cargo, per Ship "MIRELLA," Captain Runciman, from London, are requested to send Boats alongside to take delivery of their Goods as they come to hand, failing which they will be landed by the Captain on account and risk of the concerned.

Captain Runciman will not be responsible for the condition of any Package after it has once left the Ship's deck.

Delivery Orders, accompanied with Bills of Lading, to be sent to us for countersignature.

BLACKWELL & Co.,
Agents for Captain Runciman, Ship "Mirella."

Bombay, 17th June 1868.

MESSRS. LINDLEY and WARREN beg to notify, that their STUDIO in Apollo Street will be open daily during the rains for PORTRAITS of every description.

ROSSELET & Co

ESTABLISHED 1858,

CHRONOMETER MAKERS, JEWELLERS OPTICIANS, ENGRAVERS, &c.

No. 6, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THREE PRIZE MEDALS PARIS EXHIBITION, 1867.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS, &c., FREE FROM ADULTERATION,

MANUFACTURED BY

CROSSE & BLACKWELL,

*Purveyors to the Queen,*

SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

well known Manufactures are obtainable from every respectable Provision Dealer in the World.

Purchasers should see that they are supplied with C. & B.'s genuine goods, and that inferior articles are not substituted for them.

To insure thorough wholesomeness, their Pickles are all prepared in Pure Malt Vinegar, boiled in Oak Vats, by means of Platinum Steam Coils; and are precisely similar in quality to those supplied by them for use at HER MAJESTY'S TABLE.

C. & B. are Agents for LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, and are Manufacturers of every description of Gilmen's Stores of the highest quality.

## SHIPPING.

OVERLAND FREIGHT ROUTE.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL, LONDON, TRIESTE, MARSEILLES, BRINDISI, VENICE, GENOA, HAVRE, ADEN, AND SUEZ.

THE Bombay and Bengal Steam Ship Company (Limited), under arrangements with other first class lines of Steamers from Alexandria, undertake to give through Bills of Lading for Goods via Egypt to the above and most other Continental Ports.

A limited number of Passengers can be accommodated.

Rates of Fare.

To Suez—1st class £45. 2nd class £25. } exclusive
To Trieste.—1st class £84 10s., 2nd class £37 5s. } of Wines.

Steamers leave Bombay on the 20th of each month and Suez on or near the 15th.

For Freight or Passage apply to Messrs. STEPHEN, KENNARD & Co., London; Messrs. TOD, KENNARD & Co., Liverpool; Messrs. TOD, RATHBONE & Co., Alexandria; AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Trieste and Venice, and Messrs. FRAISSINET PERE, et FILS, Marseilles; or to the undersigned in Bombay.

The Steam-ship "GUNGA," 1,300 tons, Captain Bonfellow, will be despatched about 26th July.

STEARNS, HOBART & Co.

Bombay, 24th June, 1868.

## WANTED.

WANTED, a COPPER PLATE ENGRAVER. Apply to Manager *Gazette* Press.

NOTICE.—WANTED, for service in the Government Steam Factory, Dockyard, ENGINEERS and FITTERS. Applications, with Copies of Testimonials, to be made to the Superintendent of Marine.

By order of the Superintendent of Marine,
GEO. INGLE, Secretary.

Superintendent's Office, Bombay, 28th April 1868.

## HOUSES, &c., TO LET.

TO BE LET, a cool and commodious HOUSE, with STABLES and GODOWNS, situated in Rampart Row, lately vacated by the P. and O. Company. Apply to EDULJEE FRAMJEE & Co., Bombay Green.

TO BE LET, two OFFICES with GROUND FLOORS in Apollo Street, opposite the Secretariate. The ground floors are well adapted for Shop Rooms, Offices, or Godowns.

For further information apply to Messrs. THOMSON & Co., Chemists, Apollo Street.

SUITABLE FOR OFFICES AND RESIDENCE.—TO LET, from the 1st June next, the FIRST FLOOR, 24 Rampart Row, at present occupied by Messrs. H. CLASON Co. For particulars as to Rent, &c., apply either personally or by letter to Mr. W. COLCLOUGH, General Manager, Treacher & Co., Limited, Byculla.

TO BE LET, the following PROPERTIES, viz.:—

An airy Bungalow (Nepean Lodge) at Malabar Hill, formerly occupied by Mr. H. W. G. Lawson.

The First and Second Storeys of Sassoon Building, in Marine Street, Fort.

The First and Second Storeys of Sassoon Building, in Marine Lane, Fort.

The First and Second Storeys of the House No. 16, in Apollo Street, Fort.

The Upper Rooms of Dady Building, in Meadow Street, formerly occupied by the Office of Mr. Manisty, Solicitor of the High Court, and now white-washed and thoroughly repaired.

One Godown in Dady Building, in Meadow Street.

Apply at the Office of Messrs. DAVID SASSOON & Co.

Forbes Street, 12th June 1868.

## NOTICES.

WESTERN INDIA SHIP COMPANY (IN LIQUIDATION).—NOTICE is hereby given that a GENERAL MEETING of the Registered Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Office of the undersigned, No. 5 Meadow Street, on THURSDAY the 2nd July next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the transaction of the following business, viz—

1. To receive and consider the Liquidators' final Report and Accounts.

2. To pass a Resolution to the effect that the Company is duly wound up in terms of Act X. of 1866.

VOLKART BROTHERS, Liquidators.

No. 5 Meadow Street, Bombay, 27th May 1868.

D. S. KEMP & Co's ADVERTISEMENTS.

THEIR BUSINESS is under the management of D. S. Kemp, eight years partner in the late firm of ROGERS & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists; and has been specially organized for the dispensing of prescriptions, and the importation and manufacture of pure drugs, chemicals, and pharmaceutical preparations. Every appliance has been provided both in the laboratory and dispensing department to ensure correctness and rapidity in compounding medicine, and to facilitate the preparation of remedies of guaranteed purity.

The dispensing of prescriptions is carried on by astaff of trained assistants under the immediate supervision of the manager, and is controlled by a system of check which, he ventures to think, will secure public confidence.

BYCULLA BRANCH.—Messrs. D. S. KEMP & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, beg to intimate that they have opened a BRANCH in Bellasis Road, Byculla, opposite the Byculla Hotel, for the dispensing of Prescriptions, and that all Orders for Medicine sent there will receive the promptest attention.

Orders for sundry Goods, if the latter are not in stock, will be forwarded into the Fort for immediate execution.

Bombay, 5th May 1868. D. S. KEMP & Co.

LIEBIG'S NUTRITIVE EXTRACT.—As prepared by D. S. KEMP & Co. from the finest meats is much superior to the imported preparation. Being liquid, it is much more convenient in administration or use; being free from *air bubbles* which abound in the solid extract, it keeps better and in point of *flavor* the latter is not to be compared with it.

5, Bottles Rs. 1-8, Rs. 3, Rs. 5, and Rs. 10 each.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. D. S. KEMP & Co.

EVERY TRAVELLER should provide himself with one of D. S. Kemp & Co.'s MEDICINE CHESTS, with which he may in comparative safety encounter any change of climate or other influence obnoxious to health.

They may be had of every size and form; from the large Regimental pattern suited for Contractors, to the small Amateur and Oak Chests for private use.

Exploring or Surveying Parties will find them invaluable; Chests are fitted when required with Waterproof Covers and Straps for protection and portability.

Besides having their particular patterns made in England, D. S. K. & Co. employ their own Mechanics here to alter or construct Chests for special purposes as required.

In the absence of special directions from the Physician, Kemp's Medicine Chest Companion, written expressly for the Chests, supplies full and simple instructions for the use of each remedy.

5, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. D. S KEMP & Co.

PATENT EXTRACT FOR PREPARING LIEBIG'S MILK.

IMPORTANT TO ALL WHO NURTURE CHILDREN

LIEBIG'S INFANTS' FOOD.

THE Food commonly sold under this name have several disadvantages, which more than neutralise any benefit from the adoption of Liebig's principle in their preparation.

They contain either Arrow Root or Farinaceous matter in excess, which renders them unadapted for Infants, whose Natural Food is Mother's Milk.

They are not freed from the sharp microscopic husks of the Malt, which cause great irritation in the delicate intestines of Children.

The trouble of preparing the Milk is great, and hence has to be entrusted to Servants.

The Food when prepared is too thick for convenient administration to an Infant.

They do not carry out Liebig's intention of producing with Cow's Milk an efficient substitute for Mother's Milk.

The Foods prepared with them are repulsive to many Infants.

Under the auspices of the London "Infants' Food Society," of which Baron Liebig is President, a preparation has been introduced called

PATENT EXTRACT FOR PREPARING LIEBIG'S MILK,

which is not only entirely free from the objections urged against the various "Foods," but forms, when mixed, a Milk which for all purposes of nourishment exactly represent the natural aliment of the Child, thus entirely carrying out the idea of the discoverer.

The remarkable success which has attended the use of the Milk so prepared is proved by numerous letters from Medical and Private sources, and by Extracts from Public Journals; and its efficacy in saving Children from the numerous diseases consequent on indigestion appears beyond a doubt. The Milk when prepared is delicious and is eagerly taken by the most delicate Infant.

Sole Agents for India,—D. S. KEMP & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, Bombay.

5, Elphinstone Circle

TO CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.—NOTICE.—The undermentioned PLANT, STORES and FLOTILLA, belonging to the Bombay Reclamation Company, Limited, in Liquidation, will be submitted for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION on an early date, unless previously disposed of privately:—

2 Steam Travelling Cranes, by James Taylor & Co., Birkenhead.
1 Locomotive Engine, by Young & Co.
1 25 P. Engine complete, by Young & Co., Boiler by Tennant & Co.
1 10 P. Portable Engine, by Young & Co.
1 4 P. do. do., by Shuttleworth & Co.
2 Air Pumps, by Redpath and Leigh.
2 Circular Saw Benches.
150 Wooden Waggons.
76 Paiffe Waggon Wheels and Axles.
122 Do. Lorry do. do.
240 Spare Waggon Wheels without Axles.
14 Unerected do. do.
20 Wrought Iron Tubs for reclamation purposes.
Sundry small Stores.

Full particulars of the above can be had on application to the undersigned.

JAMES G. SMITH, } Liquidators,
JAMES RANKEN, }
Bombay Reclamation Company (Limited).

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 22nd April 1868.

## NOTICES.

MESSRS. BADHAM & COMPANY, HOSIERS, GLOVERS, AND GENERAL WAREHOUSEMEN. By Appointment.

Apollo House. Bombay.

SUCCESSIVELY appointed by the late EARLS CANNING and ELGIN, and by the present Viceroy and Governor General of India, His Excellency The Right Hon'ble SIR JOHN MAIR LAWRENCE, G. C. B., K. S. I.

SEASON 67.

Messrs. BADHAM & Co. beg to call the attention of their constituients and non-constituents to the large Shipments landed. The Goods have been selected personally by Mr. BADHAM at the Paris Exhibition and the best European Markets from prize Goods.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

| | Rs. | Rs |
|---|---|---|
| BADHAM'S Fine Bro. Cotton Socks, per dozen | 11 | to 31 |
| BADHAM'S Superfine Bro. Cotton Socks | 16 | „ 18 |
| BADHAM'S Balbriggan Socks embossed Silk | 18 | „ 24 |
| BADHAM'S Fine Striped and Fancy Socks | 16 | „ 20 |
| BADHAM'S Spanish Bro. Merino Socks | | „ 16 |
| BADHAM'S Superior Grey Merino Socks | 16 | „ 18 |
| BADHAM'S Superfine Fancy Merino Socks | 15 | „ 24 |
| BADHAM'S Striped Lisle Thread Socks | 16 | „ 18 |
| BADHAM'S Fancy and Striped Silk Socks | 28 | „ 45 |
| BADHAM'S Ribbed Knickerbocker Stockiggs | 3 | „ 4 |
| BADHAM'S Celebrated Gauze under Vests | 3 | „ 4 |
| BADHAM'S Celebrated Silk and Wool Vests | 4 | „ 5 |
| BADHAM'S Celebrated India Gauze Vests | 4 | „ 5 |
| BADHAM'S Silk and Wool Pants | 6 | „ 8 |
| BADHAM'S India Gauze Pants | 7 | „ 8 |
| BADHAM'S Grey Merino Pants | 6 | „ 8 |
| BADHAM'S Bathing Drawers Striped and Fancy | 2 | „ 3 |

SHIRT DEPARTMENT.

| | Rs. | As. |
|---|---|---|
| BADHAM'S White Zephyr Shirts per doz. 50, 55, 60, | 65 | 0 |
| BADHAM'S Dress Zephyr Shirts „ | 75 | 0 |
| BADHAM'S Pure all Wool Shirts, Shrunk, each | 10 | 8 |
| BADHAM'S Pure Silk and Wool Shirts „ | 10 | 8 |
| BADHAM'S Pure Cashmere Shirts „ | 10 | 8 |
| BADHAM'S Spun Silk Shirts „ | 12 | 8 |
| BADHAM'S French Printed Shirts „ | 20 | 0 |
| BADHAM'S Spun Silk Sleeping Suits | 25 | 0 |
| BADHAM'S Cashmere Sleeping Suits indispenseable | 20 | 0 |
| BADHAM'S Silk and Wool Sleeping Suits | 20 | 0 |
| THE PRINCE OF WALES'S Colored Shirts a new Material | 8 | 8 |

COLLAR DEPARTMENT.

| | Rs. | A. |
|---|---|---|
| BADHAM'S Regent and India Collars | 7 | 0 |
| BADHAM'S Champion and Belgium „ | 7 | 0 |
| BADHAM'S Calcutta with Tie „ | 7 | 8 |
| BADHAM'S Continental and Olympic „ | 7 | 0 |
| BADHAM'S Pallmall and Shakspere „ | 7 | 8 |
| BADHAM'S West End „ | 7 | 0 |

FANCY DEPARTMENT.

| | Rs. | A. |
|---|---|---|
| The Paris Exposition Prize Scarf | 4 | 0 |
| The Royal Windsor for Sailors Knot „ | 3 | 0 |
| The Royal Satin Spot „ | 4 | 0 |

An immense assortment of all the new Scarfs and Ties.

BRACES.

| | Rs. | |
|---|---|---|
| Guyots French Brace | | 2 |
| Guyots Leather Brace | „ | 3 |
| Guyots West End | „ | 2 |
| The Royal Country Bag | „ | 8 to 12 |
| The Best Silk Umbrellas | 12 | „ 16 |
| The Brighton Walking Stick | „ | 2 „ 7 |
| The Prize Cambric Handkerchief | 18 | „ 20 |
| The Prize Colored Cambric „ | 14 | „ 18 |
| The Hemmed Stitched „ | 16 | „ 18 |
| White Cambric Handkerchief | 10 | „ 16 |

JEWELLERY DEPARTMENT.

| | Rs. | |
|---|---|---|
| Gold Solitaires for Gentlemen | 14 | to 20 |
| Gold Link Studs | 16 | „ 30 |
| Gold Collar Studs | 6 | „ 8 |
| Gold Shirt Studs | 14 | „ 30 |
| Gold Scarf Rings | 8 | „ 12 |
| Gold and Ivory Shirt, Wrist and Neck Studs | 2 | „ 6 |

Overland Trunks, Railway Portmanteaus of every description, Leather Bags, Leather Hat Cases, Leather Trunks, Railway Wrappers, and Mauds.

PIECE GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Tweeds, Silk and Wool Flannel, All Wool Flanne, French Prints, Manchester Prints, Linens, Towelling, Sheeting, Damask Table Covers, Damask Napkins, Royal Turkish Towel.

THE following GOODS are being sold at BADHAM & Company's Apollo House, at London cost Price.

| | Rs. | as. |
|---|---|---|
| MILITARY Doe Gloves per pair | 1 | 8 |
| COLLARS Regent „ | 5 | 0 |
| COLLARS with Tie & Fancy „ | 5 | 0 |
| CHRISTY'S Drab Felt Hats „ | 15 | 0 |
| COTTON Socks White „ | 10 | 0 |
| COTTON Socks Colored „ | 10 | 0 |
| UNDER Vests Merino, each | 4 | 0 |
| TRAVELLING Suits | 20 | 0 |
| TRAVELLING Shirts | 6 | 8 |
| FALSE SHIRT CUFFS "Double" per doz. | 6 | 0 |
| OVERLAND TRUNKS, Southgate's | 25 | 0 |
| OVERLAND CHAIRS | 10 | 0 |
| RUGS AND MAUDS | 16 | 0 |
| JOUVINS KID GLOVES "Gentleman's" | 2 | 12 |

Apollo House. BADHAM & Co.

THE ANCHOR LINEN FACED COLLAR.

ONE RUPEE PER DOZ.

Apollo House. BADHAM & Co.

MOULE & Co.'s PATENT EARTH CLOSETS.—The undersigned have landed a consignment of these CLOSETS and now invite purchasers for them.

The invention entirely does away with all the unmentionable nuisances attached to the employment of the Commodes now in general use in India, and are, in short, invaluable. The Government of India have presented Mr. Moule with £500 in token of their high appreciation of the invention. *Terms*—CASH.

Early application is desirable.

Apply to CUTLER, PALMER & Co., Bombay.

NOTICE.—There will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the back of the Company's Storeyard at Girgaum, on WEDNESDAY the 1st July, at 3 P. M., the MATERIALS of FOUR WOODEN HOUSES, measuring 24 feet by 16 feet each, three of which are roofed with Corrugated Iron and one with Jowlies.

Also, an Office Shigram with Horse and Harness.

Terms of Sale and other particulars can be had on application to the undersigned, or to Mr. GAHAGAN, the Company's Storekeeper at its Girgaum Yard.

JAMES G. SMITH, } Liquidator,
JAMES RANKEN, }
Bombay Reclamation Company (Limited).

Elphinstone Circle, 19th June 1868.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.—Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

In the matter of Act XXVIII. of 1865 of the Legislative Council of India, and of the Estate of NOOR MAHOMED DATOOBHOY, SONS, and COMPANY.

By an order made by Sir JOSEPH ARNOULD, dated the 18th day of June, 1868, reading the Affidavit of WILLIAM ADAMS, one of the Trustees of the above Estate, sworn the 16th day of June 1868, and on hearing Mr. KEIR, the Attorney for the Trustees, it was ordered that all persons having Claims upon the said Estate to send in Statements of such Claims, in writing, to WILLIAM ADAMS, the Trustee of the said Estate, at his Office in the High Court on or before the Fifth day of July next, after which date the Trustees will be at liberty to declare a Dividend or Dividends on the Claims then sent in and admitted without reference or regard to any such that may then be outstanding, and of which no statements shall have been sent in.—Dated this 18th day of June 1868.

KEIR, PRESCOT, & WINTER,
Attorneys for the Trustees.

ON VIEW AND SALE.—Now Received—Spencer's Patent MAGNETIC PURIFYING FILTER.

This invention, by the discoverer of Electro-metallurgy, is the only one known to science which really *purifies* water. Other modes of filtration do not purify, but merely strain water mechanically. "With the Magnetic Filter, miasmetic, or unwholesome water is impossible." In awarding the Medal for this Invention, the Jurors of the International Exhibition, terminate their report on it to Her Majesty's Commissioners as follows:—

"This Filter, as exhibited by Mr Spencer, is certainly a very powerful agent of purification, and, it may be added also, is the only discovery made in this century of a new substance of really great importance for the Filtration of water; it is also one of the most important discoveries tending to elucidate the principles of Filtration or Purification, as distinct from mere straining." (Report, page 3.)

Singular as it may appear, this new purifying material never requires renewal, but constantly yields bright colourless water, free from organic or gaseous impurity:—

The following sizes are available:

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| No. 1 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | Rs. 20 |
| No. 2 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | „ 28 |
| No. 3 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | „ 38 |

This Filter especially recommends itself to Native Families with whom Water is the exclusive drink.

Rampart Row. THACKER, VINING & Co.

BOMBAY RECLAMATION COMPANY, LIMITED (IN LIQUIDATION).—NOTICE is hereby given that the following PROPERTIES will be submitted for SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION (on an early date) unless previously disposed of privately:—

1. MALABAR HILL PROPERTY—measuring about 1,64,662 square yards, has been laid out in 17 building sites, in 7 of which there are large well-built Dwelling-houses with Stabling, &c. Will be sold as a whole or in separate lots.

2. CHOWPATTY PROPERTY—measuring about 7,419 square yards, which belonged formerly to Mr. DADABHOY BYRAMJEE, and is registered in the Books of the Collector of Bombay as No.

3. GIRGAUM PROPERTY—measuring about 18,258 square yards, at present used as the Company's Storeyard. There are a substantial Dwelling-house and several large Godowns in this property.

4. COLABA PROPERTY—measuring about 5,364 square yards, together with the large Dwelling-house &c., thereon, at present occupied by Mr. CURSETJEE FURDONJEE.

Offers for the above Properties will be received by the undersigned, from whom all necessary information can be had on application.

JAMES G. SMITH, } Liquidators
JAMES RANKEN, }

Elphinstone Circle, 16th March 1868.

## NOTICES.

MR. J. NEUBERG, BOMBAY.

OVERLAND PROVISIONS,—by every Mail Steamer. J. NEUBERG.

CORN FLOUR, COCOA EPPS' HOMŒPATHIC. J. NEUBERG.

ENGLISH FLOUR—Coleman's Kiln-dried Norfolk Flour J. NEUBERG.

PORT WINE, direct from Oporto. J. NEUBERG.

OLD COGNAC. J. NEUBERG.

OLD MADEIRA. J. NEUBERG.

WINE COOLERS, WATER GOGLETS. J. NEUBERG.

CHEROOTS—Trichinopoly and Pondicherry. J. NEUBERG.

TOBACCO—Wills' best Bristol Bird's Eye.
do. Thos. Bears' Smoking Mixture, &c. J. NEUBERG.

MEERSCHAUM PIPES and CHEROOT HOLDERS. BRIAR WOOD PIPES. J. NEUBERG.

CHEROOT CASES—large and small. J. NEUBERG.

ENAMELLED IRON WARE. J. NEUBERG.

TUCKER'S PORTABLE LAMPS. J. NEUBERG.

TABLE LINEN—English and Country made. J. NEUBERG.

TRAVELLING LEATHER BAGS, &c. J. NEUBERG.

FOLDING LOOKINGGLASSES.
TELESCOPE DRINKING CUPS. J. NEUBERG.

WALL PAPER, in great variety. J. NEUBERG.

MUSICAL BOXES, FANCY GOODS. J. NEUBERG.

BOHEMIAN GLASS WARE. J. NEUBERG.

SEWING MACHINES, by Wheeler and Wilson. J. NEUBERG.

LITHOGRAPHIC and PRINTING PRESSES. J. NEUBERG.

No. 6, Hummum Street, Fort.

COPPER PLATE PRINTING, ENGRAVING, &c. &c.

THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette Press* is prepared to execute Copper Plate Printing and Engraving on the Premises.

Cheques, Bills of Lading, Office and Bank Seals, Seals for Stamping Envelopes, &c., Card Plates, Wedding Cards, &c. &c., engraved to order, and at moderate prices. Specimens may be seen at the Office.

April, 1868.

FRERE PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED, (IN LIQUIDATION).—The undersigned is prepared to receive offers for the PURCHASE of the BUILDINGS, PRESSES, LEASE, &c., of the above Company, as undernoted, viz:—

A substantial Stone Building, 274 ft. long by 106 ft. wide, situated on Elphinstone Bunder, next the New Goods' Station of the G. I. P. Railway Company.

6 "Mason's" Screw and Lever Presses with patent right.

1 pair of Horizontal high-pressure Engine of 80 H. P., with 4 upright Boilers.

10,000 square yards of Land on Elphinstone Bunder held on a 99 years' lease from the Elphinstone Land and Press Company (Limited) at one rupee per yard per annum.

The Property can now be inspected and further particulars may be learned on application to the undersigned.

ALEX. BROWN, Liquidator.

Bombay, 22nd June 1868.

MAZAGON LAND AND RECLAMATION COMPANY (LIMITED).—NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS will be held in the Registered Office of the Company, in Elphinstone Circle, on THURSDAY the 9th day of July next, at 3 P.M., for the purpose of considering, and if determined, confirming the following Resolutions passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on SATURDAY the 20th instant:—

"That it is desirable to transfer the Assets, &c., of this Company to another Company to be formed, with a capital of 32 lacs of Rupees divided into 1,600 fully paid up Shares of Rs. 2,000 each.

"That the Mazagon Land and Reclamation Company (Limited) be wound up voluntarily."

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed on the 8th and 9th July

By order of the Directors,
RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Elphinstone Circle, 24th June 1868.

SYKES AND DWYER, LANDSCAPE AND PORTRAIT PHOTOGRAPHERS.

STUDIO No. 9, Hummum Street, Fort.

Protraits taken daily from 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.

PUBLISHED MONTHLY,

Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

Each Album contains three Large Views and one Group of Natives.

FOR SALE.

Panoramic Views of Elphinstone Circle.
Do. Elphinstone Land and Press Co.'s Property.
Views of Bombay.
„ Poona.
„ Matheran.
„ Mahableshwur.
„ Sattara.
„ Beejapore Ruins.
„ Kurrachee.
„ Old Fortifications of Bombay.
„ Elephanta Caves.
„ Karlee Caves.
„ Ellora Caves.
„ Reversing Station, Bhore Ghaut.
„ Khandalla.
„ Lanowlee.
„ Poona.
„ Sholapore.

NATIVE CHARACTERS.

Parsees, Mahomedans, Rajpoots, Turks, Snake-charmers, Dancing Girls, Goldsmiths, Brahmins, Buneyas, &c., &c.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY SUPPLEMENTARY MARKET LOAN.—In accordance with a Resolution of the Bench of Justices, dated 18th December 1867 and 29th April 1868, and under the provisions of Sections 254, 255, and 256 of Act 2 of 1865 and Section 26 of Act 4 of 1867, the Municipal Commissioner hereby invites tenders for a supplementary loan of Rupees (2,05,000) two lacs and sixty-five thousand at six per cent. having a currency of twenty years, on the security of the rents or income arising or accruing by virtue of the said Acts or either of them from the Public Market of the City of Bombay.

The interest will be paid half-yearly on the 30th June and 31st December of each year, at Bombay, or any of the other Presidencies, or in London, at the exchange of 2 shillings per rupee.

Tenders should be for not less than Rs. 500 or for multiples thereof.

Tenders should be accompanied by a receipt from the Bank of Bengal, Bombay, or Madras, for a deposit of ten per cent. of the amount tendered, and be sealed and superscribed "Municipal Loan," and submitted to the Controller of Municipal Accounts not later than 1 P.M. on the 15th July 1868.

To the tender be accepted the deposit will be taken in part of the amount specified therein, but if the residue of the amount tendered be not paid on or before the 15th August 1868 the deposit will be forfeited.

The deposits on tenders which may not be accepted will be returned on application.

The undersigned reserves to himself the right of rejecting any tender.

Promissory Loan Notes as per form A will be issued for Rs. 500 each and can be transferred by endorsement as per form B.

A. T. CRAWFORD,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Commissioner's Office, 8th June 1868.

FORM OF MORTGAGE.
No.

By Virtue of the Bombay Municipal Act of 1865, and by Virtue of Act IV. of 1867, passed by the Governor of Bombay in Council, entitled, "An Act to amend the Bombay Municipal Act (No. II. of 1865)," we, the Justices of the Peace for the City of Bombay, with the sanction of the Governor of Bombay in Council, in consideration of the sum of Rupees (500) Five Hundred paid to us, to the credit of the Municipal Fund for the City of Bombay, by for the purposes of the said Act, do grant and assign unto the said his heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, such proportion of the rents or income arising or accruing by virtue of the said Acts or either of them from the Public Markets of the City of Bombay, as the said sum of Rupees Five Hundred doth or shall bear to the whole sum which is or shall be borrowed upon the credit of the said rents or income to hold to the said his heirs, executors, representatives and assigns from this day until the said sum of Rupees Five Hundred with interest at six per cent. per annum for the same shall be fully paid and satisfied (the principal sum to be repaid at the end of twenty years from the date hereof; and in the meantime interest thereon to be payable half-yearly on the Thirtieth day of June and the Thirty-first day of December). Given under our corporate Seal this day of One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty

B.

FROM OF TRANSFER OF MORTGAGE.

I (or We) A. B. transfer the within security to C. D. or his order for Rs. value received. Signed) A. B.

## NOTICES.

THE AGENTS of Messrs. T. D. FINDLAY & Co., of Glasgow, are requested to give instructions as to the destination of the Ship "NESTOR," to Captain LAURIN, or to SIR CHARL

# COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

## BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

### BANKS.

| Subscribed capital | Nominal Value of sh. | Paid up | Dividend. | Names. | Rates |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | Rs. | pr sh. | | |
| 3,140,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 7 | Bank of Bengal .. | 1780½ per sh. |
| 1,945,000 | 500 | 500 | ..... | Bank of Bombay.. | 185 per share |
| 1,000,000 | 200 | 200 | ..... | Ditto Ditto New.. | 194 ½ per prem. |
| 1,000,000 | 250 | 150 | ..... | Bombay Pres. Bank | 101 per share |
| 2,000,000 | 200 | 200 | ..... | Bombay Trading & Banking Association | 68 per share |
| 2,000,000 | 100 | 100 | ..... | Brokers Banking Company ... | 68 per share |
| 1,000,000 | 250 | 250 | nil | Central Bank ... | 10 per share |
| 800,000 | 200 | 200 | 5 | Chartered Bank of India A. & China | 200 per share |
| 800,000 | 200 | 25 | 12½ | China Bank .. | 5½ per share |
| 700,000 | 240 | 250 | | Chartered Mercantile Bank of India London & China.. | 270 p ct prem. |
| 1,000,000 | 250 | 250 | 12 | Comptoird' Escompte de Paris ... | Nominal. |
| 1,000,000 | 200 | 500 | 9 | Delhi and London... | No quot. |
| 200,000 | 200 | 200 | ..... | Indian Peninsular London & China Bk. | 16 per share |
| 3,750,000 | 200 | 1,000 | 9 | Madras Bank ... | 63 per cent |
| 1,000,000 | 250 | 125 | 8 p. ct. | National Bank of India ... | 133 |
| 500,000 | 250 | 250 | 12 | Oriental Bank ... | 435 per share |
| | 100 | 200 | ..... | Royal Bank of India | 84 per share |
| | 200 | 250 | ..... | Guzerat Bank ... | 65 nominal. |

### FINANCIAL ASSOCIATIONS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ..... | 400 | 100 | 15 | Bengal Credit Mobilier | 76 per share |
| 11,250,000 | 400 | 139 | ..... | Financial Assn. of India and China. | 69 per share |

### LAND COMPANIES.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1,000,000 | 10,000 | 5,500 | ..... | Back Bay Reclamation Co. ... .. | 500 per share |
| 1,080,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 30 p.s | Elphinstone Land Co... ... .. | 770 per share |
| 1,000,000 | 1,000 | 400 | ..... | New Do.. ... .. | 180 per share |
| 2,000,000 | 10,000 | 4,100 | ..... | Presv Land Co. .. | 120 per share |
| 100,000 | 5,000 | 4,100 | ..... | Mazagon Land and Reclamation Co.. | 730 per share |
| ..... | 2,000 | 1,200 | 25 p.s | Fort Canning ... | 740 |
| 2,180,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | ..... | Colaba Land Co ... | 1175 |

### SHIPPING COMPANIES.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 500,000 | 5,000 | 3,500 | | Bombay Ship Co ... | 1,400 pr share |
| 250,000 | 2,500 | 250 | ..... | B. Coast and River | |
| | | | 25 | Steam Nav Co ... | 390 per share |
| 300,000 | 5,000 | 3,500 | | Bombay and Bengal Steam-ship Co | 2,375 per share |
| 160,000 | 4,000 | 2,500 | ..... | Prince of W. Ship Co | 1,600 per share |
| 150,000 | 500 | 500 | ..... | Viegas Patent Slip & Foundry Co ... | 85 per share |
| | 600 | 3,000 | ..... | Union Shipping Co. Limited ... | 100 per share |
| | | | 250 | | |

### EXCHANGE.

| On | Terms. | Rate. |
|---|---|---|
| London Banks... ... | 6 months' sight. | 1s. 11d. |
| Do. Credits... | 6 Do. do.... | 1s 11 5/16d. to 1s. 11d. |
| Do. Documents. | 6 Do. do.... | 1s. 11d. to 1s. 11 9/16d. |
| Calcutta ... ... ... | At sight ... | 99½ to 99¾ |
| Do. .. .. .. | 30 days' sight.. | 99¾ |
| Do. ... ... ... | 60 Do. do. .. | 98½ |
| China ... ... ... | 60 days' sight... | 214 |

### GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Government Securities ... .. .. | | 6 per cen |
| Mercantile Bills... ... ... | | 8 do. |
| Four per cent. Co.'s ,, ,, ,, | 1835-36 .. .. | 94 |
| ,, ,, ,, ,, | 1842-43 .. .. | |
| ,, ,, ,, ,, | 1854-55 .. .. | |
| Five per cent Co.'s Rs. Loan | 1836-57 ... .. | 109 |
| Five per cent. Public Works Loan | 1854-55... .. | 107 |
| Five and half per cent. | .. .. | 113½ |

### BANK OF BENGAL.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Government Securities .. .. .. | | 7 per cent. |
| Mercantile Bills ... .. .. | | 10 do. |

### PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

| | |
|---|---|
| Sovereigns each .. ... .. ... | Rs. 10-8 |
| Bank of England Notes ... .. .. | 10-4 |
| Spanish Dollars ... ... .. .. | ,, 225 |
| Carolas.. ... ... .. .. | ,, 220 |
| Mexican Dollars ... ... .. .. | ,, 220 |
| German Crowns ... ... .. .. | ,, 210 |
| Five-Franc Pieces.. ... ... .. | ,, 223 |
| Ear Silver ... ... .. .. | ,, 108-8 |
| Gold Leaf ... ... .. .. | ,, 15-1 |
| Bar Gold 10 oz. English ... ... .. | ,, 10-9 |

## DAILY COTTON MARKET REPORT.

BOMBAY, 27TH JUNE.

| | | | | Per Candy. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Oomrawuttee | } .. | New | .. ... | 235 to 240 |
| Akola.. | | | | |
| Broach.. .. | .. | .. | .. .. | 232 to 235 |
| Dholleria.. | } .. | .. | .. .. | 250 to 252 |
| Bhownuggur | | | | |
| Veraval.. .. | .. | .. | .. .. | 215 to 220 |
| Vingorla.. .. | .. | .. | .. .. | 235 to 236 |
| Dharwar Sawginned | .. | .. | .. .. | 248 to 250 |
| Khandeish .. | } .. | .. | .. ... | 230 to 232 |
| Barsee .. | | | | |
| Ready Sales ... | ... | ... | | 775 Candies. |
| For delivery ... | ... | ... | ... | ,, |
| Market active. | | | | |

## CEYLON COMMERCIAL.

*(Fortnightly Summary of Ceylon Examiner, June 16.)*

EXPORTS

PRODUCE MARKET.

*Plantation Coffee*, per bushel 1's. to 1's. 9d. Not much doing.

*Native Coffee*, unrivalled 78s. to 80s. Picked and Dried 57s. 6d. to 72s. for Onvah Coffee with which the market is not plentifully supplied.

*Cinnamon*. Plantation, 15d. to 16d. per lb. Plantation Cinnamon is coming into the Market from the recent cuttings in small quantities, and it obtains our quotations.

*Cocoanut Oil*. 53s.—There has been a sudden rise in Cocoanut Oil owing to the favorable advices from England of an advance there, and several contracts were entered into at our quotations.

*Coir Yarn*, 15s. to 30s. per cwt.—There has been a decline in the price of Coir Yarn, owing to some Exporters having ceased their operations.

*Plumbago*, Lump per ton, £15 to £18, first quality.—Dust, £5 to £8. The demand for Plumbago continues steady and fetches our quotations readily.

*Ebony*, per ton, £4 10s. to £4 15s.—Good sound and strait wood.

*Deer Horns*, £13 5s.—In demand, but scarce.

*Tinnevelly Cotton*.—Rs. 12¾ was paid last week for about 2,000 Bales, since which nothing has been done, sellers demanding higher prices.

IMPORTS.

PIECE GOODS.

*Piece Goods*.—There is not much improvement, to report.

*Iron*, per ton, £7 10s. to £8.—Nominal.

*Swedish Iron*, per ton, at £15 10s.—Nothing doing.

## CALCUTTA COMMERCIAL, JUNE 22.

Government Securities.—Very little business reported in 4 per cents.; one sale was made at Rs. 5-2, and others of small pieces at Rs. 5-6 discount. 5 per cents. were enquired after; several purchases were effected at Rs. 9-12, 9-14, and mostly at Rs. 10-0 premium. 5½ per cents were in demand at Rs. 14-12 premium, at which price only two lots could be found; sellers advanced their rates to Rs. 14-14 and 15-0; small pieces of Rs. 3,000 and under, sold at the latter price; a small amount of 15 years' Debentures changed hands at Rs. 10-4 premium.

6 per cent. Municipal Debentures sold at Rs. 5-12, to 6 premium.

Bank of Bengal shares were in demand, and upwards of 48 bought by different parties, at Rs. 1,787½ each, and a few at 1,790.

National Bank shares were also in good demand, principally for orders of native shroffs and bankers; the purchases reported were all at Rs. 132. At the closing hour it was not easy to get any quantity of shares at this price.

A small number of People's Bank shares sold at Rs. 39, to close an estate account.

Two small lots of Great Eastern Hotel Co.'s shares were purchased for orders, at Rs. 120 exclusive of dividend.

Port Canning Land Investment, &c., Co.'s shares were again enquired after; the first sale of 2 was made at Rs. 36½ each, next 3, 2, and 5 at Rs. 36¾, and in the afternoon, a larger number at Rs. 36⅞.

160 fully paid up Shares in the Bengal Tea Co. were bought at Rs. 55 each.

## MILITARY.

ARRIVALS.—JUNE '27.

Boyle, Captain 98th Regiment, on duty from Abyssinia.
Waring, Captain, Transport Train, on duty, from Abyssinia.
Graham, Lieutenant, 108th Regiment, on duty, from Abyssinia.
Mortimer, Lieutenant, R. H. A., on duty, from Abyssinia.
McKrinon, Lieutenant, 109th Regiment, on duty, from Abyssinia.
Humphry, Lieutenant, 45th S. G., on duty, from Annesley Bay.

DEPARTURES.—JUNE 27.

Pottinger, Captain, R. A., on duty, to Poona.
Edwards, Captain, Staff, on duty, to Poona.
Knight, Major, Staff, on duty, to Poona.
Williams, Lieutenant, R. E., on duty, to Poona.
Young, Captain, Staff Corps, on duty, to Poona.
Gunton, Lieutenant, T. T., on duty, to Poona.
McKrinon, Lieutenant, 109th S. G., on duty, to Poona.
Humphry, Lieutenant, 45th Regiment, on duty, to Poona.
Betty, Lieutenant, 2nd D. G., on duty, to England.
Roome, Major, Staff, on duty, to Poona.

## SHIPPING.

DAILY FREIGHT REPORT.—27TH JUNE.

| Port. | Cotton. | Seed. |
|---|---|---|
| To London... ... | £2 0s. 0d. | £1 10s. 0d. |
| ,, Liverpool... ... | £1 15s. 0d. to £2 0s. 0d. | £1 0s. 0d. |
| By Overland Route ... | ..... | £4 10s. 0d. |
| To China ... ... | Rs. 5 to 6 per bale. | .... |
| ,, Mauritius ... ... | Rs. 1½ per bag. | .... |

ARRIVALS.

| Date. | Vessel. | Commander. | From. |
|---|---|---|---|
| June 27 | E. S. K. ... | Moss ... | Glasgow, March 7. |
| | Great Victoria (s) | Enright ... | Annesley Bay. June 11 |
| | Lynemouth (s) | Kennedy ... | Annesley Bay. June 11 |
| | [illegible] | Crawford ... | Liverpool, March 10. |
| | [illegible] | Gimblett ... | Annesley Bay. |
| | [illegible] | Wheelan ... | Annesley Bay. |
| | Empress ... | Ellis ... | Annesley Bay. |
| | Asia ... | Parker ... | Annesley Bay. |
| | Mahe ... | Whistle ... | Annesley Bay. |
| | Chalmette ... | ..... | Sunderland. |
| | British Monarch.. | Rees ... | Annesley Bay. |

DEPARTURES.

| Date. | Vessel. | Commander. | Destination. |
|---|---|---|---|
| June 27 | City of Lahore .. | Hendry ... | Havre. |
| | Wimbledon ... | Hunter ... | Liverpool. |
| | Continental ... | Foraw ... | |

NOW READY.

THE SECOND EDITION OF THE INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE FOR JUNE,

PRICE—EIGHT ANNAS.

Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.

# NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON SEED.—A quantity of fresh Seed, just received Overland, for DISTRIBUTION, by the undersigned.
PEEL, CASSELS & Co.,
Hon. Agents, Cotton Supply Association.
Bombay, 20th May 1868.

FOR SALE, at the GODOWNS of the undersigned, *Ruinart Pere et Fils'* Champagne.
Green Seal. { Quarts.....Rs. 42 per dozen.
{ Pints in 2 doz. cases ,, 21 ,,
Bombay, 25th June 1868. EWART, LATHAM & Co.

FOR SALE, at the GODOWNS of the undersigned,
Marrian's Beer, in 4 dozen Cases, Quarts, Rs. 5 per dozen.
,, 6 ,, Pints ,, 3 ,,
Bombay, 25th June 1868. EWART, LATHAM & Co.

IRON SHIP COMPANY, LIMITED, (IN LIQUIDATION).—A FOURTH DISTRIBUTION of ASSETS, Rs. 150 PER SHARE, will be PAYABLE at our Office on and after the 30th instant.
CAMPBELL, MITCHELL & Co.,
Agents to the Liquidators Iron Ship Company, Limited.
Bombay, 29th June 1868.

GOA COFFEE COMPANY, LIMITED, (IN LIQUIDATION).—NOTICE is hereby given that a FIRST and FINAL DISTRIBUTION of the ASSETS of the above Company, at and after the rate of FOURTEEN RUPEES, TWELVE ANNAS, and FOUR PIES per SHARE, will be PAYABLE to the Shareholders on and after SATURDAY, 4th July 1868, at the Office of the London, Asiatic, and American Company (Limited.)
Share Certificates must be produced at the time of application.
A. E. ASHLEY, } Liquidators Goa Coffee
J. E. DUDLEY, } Company (Limited).

VICTORIA SPINNING COMPANY (LIMITED).—NOTICE.—An ADJOURNED EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the abovenamed Company, will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 14, Apollo Street, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 6th day of July, proximo, at 2 P.M., for the purpose of passing the following Special Resolution:—
That the Articles of Association of the Company be amended by adding after Section 19 of the said Articles the following Section:—"The Board of Directors shall have full power and authority to buy, sell, take on lease, or lease land or buildings in Bombay for the purposes of the Company; and also to mortgage and pledge all or any of the land, buildings, and property of the Company, or otherwise to raise money for the purposes of the Company in such manner and at such interest as they may deem expedient for the benefit of the Company, or otherwise, as occasion shall require; and also to enter into and execute all such proper Deeds, Covenants, and Assurances under the common seal of the Company as may be necessary for effectuating all or any of the purposes aforesaid."
By order of the Board of Directors,
CASSUMBHOY DHURUMSEY,
Secretary, Treasurer, and Agent.
Bombay, 27th June 1868.

TRAVANCORE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—TO MASONRY CONTRACTORS.—Tenders are required for constructing about 13,000 cubic yards of Masonry in various Bridges and Culverts throughout the 1st Section of the Peermade Ghat Road, extending from Cotyam to the Moondakoyom River, a distance of about 32 miles.
These Masonry Works are intended to replace the present temporary timber structures. The road for the above length has in every other respect been completed for some years, and is in excellent condition.
The Masonry will consist chiefly of laterite which can be procured at convenient distances abutting upon the road.
Parties tendering must state the *rate per cubic yard* at which they would undertake the work. Also the probable time occupied in its completion. The specified rate must include excavation for foundations and all other work whatsoever.
Sealed Tenders must be delivered on or before the 15th July next, addressed to the Acting Chief Engineer, Travancore Government, Trevandrum, from whom copies of the Tender and all other information can be obtained by letter prepaid.
The Sirkar reserves power to reject the lowest or any Tender.
T. M. HARDY JOHNSTON, M. I. C. E.,
Acting Chief Engineer.

ST. ANDREW'S LIBRARY.
THACKER, VINING & Co.
NEW BOOKS RECEIVED JUNE 27.

| | |
|---|---|
| Photographs of Scottish Scenery—42 Views of Edinburgh, Stirling, Blair Athole, Inverary, Balmoral, Killiecrankie, &c., &c., *in box* ... Rs. | 18 12 |
| The Spanish Gypsy; a Poem; by George Eliot, author of "Adam Bede" ... | 9 8 |
| A Hand Book of Pictorial Art—*Clarendon Press Series* ... | 13 8 |
| Seyd on Bullion and Foreign Exchanges, Theoretically and Practically considered ... | 15 0 |
| Electro Physiology and Therapeutics; by C. E. Morgan ... | 22 8 |
| Roscoe's Digest of the Law of Evidence in Criminal Cases. 7th edn. 1868 ... | 20 0 |
| Artists and Arabs: or Sketching in Sunshine; by Henry Blackburn. Illustrated ... | 7 8 |
| "Crowned," a Novel; by Edward Campbell Fanish, 2 vols. ... | 9 0 |
| Orville Cottage; by Mrs. Henry Wood ... | 4 8 |
| Wind Wafted Seed; edited by Drs. Macleod and Guthrie ... | 2 12 |
| Medusa and other Tales; by Adelaide Kemble ... | 6 8 |
| Elliot's Obstetric Clinic—(an American work) ... | 13 8 |
| Doré's illustrated La Fontaine's Fables, English edition ... | 22 8 |
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Bombay, 26th June 1868. G. T. ROBINSON, Honorary Secretary.

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NOTICE.—A Clergyman of the Church of England in Bombay wishes to find a EUROPEAN FEMALE SERVANT to look after his little boy. She must be a person of respectable character, and of middle age. Satisfactory testimonials will be required.
Apply for information at the Office of the *Gazette*.

NOTICE.—All persons having Claims on, or being indebted to the Estate of the late J. HITCHINS SMITH, Esq., Assistant Engineer G. I. P. R., are requested to communicate with the undersigned within thirty days from this date.
A. F. DOBBS.
Judl. Supt. of Railways H. H. Nizam's Dominion.
Gulburgah, 26th June 1868.

NOTICE.—Dr. BIRDWOOD has received so many applications for LIBI DIVI SEED that he trusts he will be allowed to answer all applicants by this advertisement:—The Agri-Horticultural Society CANNOT SUPPLY any Libi Divi Seed until next hot season.
GEORGE BIRDWOOD, M. D.
*For* Honorary Secretary to the Society.
Town Hall, Bombay, 29th June 1868.

NOTICE is hereby given that the CONTRACT for the right of REMOVAL of SAND, STONE, MUD, KUNKUR, &c., from the sea shore and creeks in the several Talookas of the Tanna Collectorate for the period of one year, viz., from 1st August 1868 to 31st July 1869 will be put up to AUCTION at the Collector's Office, Tanna, on WEDNESDAY the 15th July 1868.
The Conditions of Contract will be made known at the time of sale. J. W. ROBERTSON, Acting Collector.
Tanna, Collector's Office, 27th June 1868.

NOTICE is hereby given that KAMATHEE YENKOO BALOO, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, hath contracted and agreed to sell to DHOBEE DAYAL DOOLUB, also of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, all that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house and premises newly built and standing thereon, situate lying and being within the Fort of Bombay, fronting on the South side in Hanooman Street, in the Sub-District of Fort, containing by admeasurement 145·5, square yards be the same little more or less, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 2141 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Nos. 35 and 36, and bounded as follows:—on or towards the East by the Property of Peerozebae, widow of Nusserwanjee Muncherjee, on or towards the West by the Property of Keerparam Nandram, and Manchund Hemchund, on or towards the North by Hanooman Lane, and on or towards the South by the Properties of the said Dhobee Dulub Jervan, and of Eduljee Cowasjee, Belimorya, and which said premises are at present lying vacant. All persons having any claim on the said premises, either by way of mortgage, inheritance, gift, lease or otherwise, are hereby required to make the same known to me in writing in my Office, No. 2, Hummum Street, Fort, within 14 days from this date, otherwise the purchase will be completed, and he, she or they will be precluded therefrom.—Dated this 27th June 1868.
KHUNDERAO MOROJEE,
Purchaser's Solicitor.

FOR SALE, by Public Auction, on the 15th proximo, if not sooner disposed of by private sale, the three remaining SCREW STEAMERS belonging to the Bombay and Bengal Steam Ship Company now in liquidation, viz. "KOINA," "NADA," and "MULA." These steamers have been running but a short time, and are well known as vessels of large carrying capacity and good speed, on a moderate consumption of Coal. The steamers will be made over to the purchasers on the termination of their present charter to Government.

"KOINA" built at Middlesbrough, 1st Nov. 1864, by Candlish and Fox.

| Register. | Gross tonnage. | Length. | Beam. | Depth. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 706·72/100 | 896 | 230' 1' | 30' 25' | 17' 5' |

*Horse Power.* *Draught.*

| Nominal. | Indicated. | Light. | Laden. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 120 | 600 | 10' 4' | 15' 6' |

Carrying capacity 3,314 Bombay pressed bales cotton.
Average consumption of Coal 17½ tons per day.
Passengers accommodation 18 first class.

"NADA" built at Newcastle 1863 by Marshall.

| Register. | Gross tonnage. | Length. | Beam. | Depth. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 716·76/100 | 880 | 201' 2' | 29' 2' | 18' 7' |

*Horse Power.* *Draught.*

| Nominal. | Indicated. | Light. | Laden. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 100 | 500 | 9·9 | 15·6 |

Carrying capacity 3,254 bales Bombay pressed Cotton.
Average consumption of Coal 17 tons per day.
Passenger accommodation 18 First and 10 Second Class.

"MULA" built at Sunderland, 1st Nov. 1864, by Pile, Hay & Co.

| Register. | Gross tonnage. | Length. | Beam. | Depth. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 548·14/100 | 690 | 229' 6' | 27' 75' | 16' 10' |

*Horse Power.* *Draught.*

| Nominal. | Indicated. | Light. | Laden. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 110 | 550 | 9·9 | 15·9 |

Carrying capacity 2,400 bales Bombay pressed Cotton.
Average consumption of Coal 16 tons per day.
Passenger accommodation 20 First and 6 Second Class.
For further particulars apply to
Bombay, 29th June 1868. STEARNS, HOBART & Co.

## THE BOMBAY MUNICIPAL RECORD.

(PUBLISHED WITH THE CO-OPERATION OF THE MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER OF BOMBAY.)

The first two parts of the Record have now been published, and the third part is in course of preparation and will be published in a few days.

CONTENTS OF PART I.

MUNICIPAL ESTABLISHMENT.
LIST OF JUSTICES:—
European,
Native.
MANICKLALL v. THE JUSTICES.
STRIKE OF THE BUTCHERS.
MEETING OF THE BENCH:—
Municipal Funds.
Tax on Labour Carts.
Surplus of Police Fund.
Vote of Thanks to Finance Committee.
Petition of Indigo Dyers.
QUARTERLY MEETING OF THE BENCH:—
Complaint by Alice Sulaiman.
Petition against the Girgaum Night Soil Depot.
Non-consumers of meat and the cost of the meat train.
A complaint in the wrong quarter.
Appointment of Auditors.
The Standing Committee.
Municipal Contracts.
The Controller of Municipal Accounts and the Excess of Expenditure during 1868, by the Commissioner.
Proceedings of the Finance Committee.
EFFICIENCY OF THE MUNICIPAL FIRE BRIGADE.
DRAFT BUILDING ACT.

CONTENTS OF PART II.

DRAFT BOMBAY BUILDING ACT, *Continued.*
ADDITION TO LIST OF JUSTICES.
MEETING OF THE BENCH:—
The Tax on Labour Carts.
The Municipality's Contribution towards expense of the Over Bridges.
The Loan on the Security of the House Rate.
Primary Education in Bombay.
Powers of a Committee of the Bench.
Complaint from Residents of Gorupdavie.
The Salary of the Assistant Executive Engineer.
Proceedings of the Finance Committee.
Collection of Rates.
Re-Distribution of Budget Grants for 1868.
Revised Budget Estimate of Executive Engineer for 1868.
Detailed Revised Estimate of the Health Department for 1868.
Notification of Contracts.
Revised Municipal Act.
THE INDIGO DYERS AT DADUR.
SHEWSHANKER GOVINDRAM v. THE JUSTICES.
CAPTAIN LIERNUR'S PNEUMATIC SEWERAGE SYSTEM:—
Memorandum on the Disposal of Sewerage in Bombay.
Dr. Hewlett's observations on Captain Liernur's System.
Government Resolution.
Letter—The Municipal Commissioner to the Secretary to Government.
Report by Mr. McConochie on Pneumatic Sewerage.
Extract from Minutes of the Hague Town Council.
Extract from Letter from Mr. McConochie.

The third part will contain the Municipal Commissioner's Report for 1867; Tabular Statements of the Municipal Accounts; Dr. Hewlett's Annual Health Report; Mortuary Tables; Mr. Russel Aitken's Annual Report; Government Finding on the Wet Dock Question; Mr. Rawlinson's Report on the Main Drainage Scheme.
The fourth part will contain the Proceedings of some Mofussil Municipalities.

Subscriptions registered at the *Bombay Gazette* Offices. Price Rs. 12 per annum.

## POSTAL NOTICES.

OVERLAND MAILS.—The Overland Mail, per P. and O. Co.'s steam packet, will be closed on TUESDAY, June the 30th at 2 P.M.; the after-packet at 3 P.M. After-packet letters will not be forwarded unless an 8-anna stamp is affixed to the letter in addition to the postage. Registered letters will be received until 1 P.M. The latest hour for posting at the overal Branch Post Offices is 1 P.M.

### OVERLAND MAILS.

THE dates of departure of the Overland Mails from Bombay during 1868 are at present fixed as follows, China and Australia:—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Tuesday.... | June 30 | Tuesday.... | Sept. 29 |
| ,, | July 7 | ,, | October 6 |
| ,, | ,, 14 | ,, | ,, 13 |
| ,, | ,, 21 | ,, | ,, 20 |
| ,, | ,, 28 | Saturday.... | ,, 31 |
| ,, | August 4 | ,, | Nov. 7 |
| ,, | ,, 11 | ,, | ,, 14 |
| ,, | ,, 18 | ,, | ,, 21 |
| ,, | ,, 25 | ,, | ,, 28 |
| Tuesday.... | Sept. 1 | ,, | Dec. 5 |
| ,, | ,, 8 | ,, | ,, 12 |
| ,, | ,, 15 | ,, | ,, 19 |
| ,, | ,, 22 | ,, | ,, 26 |

BOMBAY DIOCESAN BOARD OF EDUCATION for promoting the Christian Education of European and Eurasian Children throughout the Presidency of Bombay.

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The Board makes grants to Schools at Byculla, Colaba, and Mazagon, and two Schools at Poona. Total amount of grants Rs. 620 a month. Aggregate attendance at Schools 355.
The Board has also agreed to assist in the establishment of a School at Punchgunny for the Children of Military Pensioners.
To enable the Board to continue and extend its operations, Subscriptions are ear

front of a line of battle is to be covered by skirmishers in open order, who, hidden behind inequalities of the soil or artificial shelter, will pour forth a sustained fire from the Chassepots. "Ten men now a-days," it is observed, "will protect as many balls as a hundred in the old time." Behind the skirmishers are supports, in groups, near enough to aid the front, and hidden from the enemy, ready to spring forward if infantry advance, prepared to form the nucleus of a square should cavalry charge. Next comes the real line of battle, and then the reserve. The skirmishers are to drive in their opponents, and then to strike at the enemy's line; and it is calculated that the scattered but heavy fire of the skirmishers would soon shake if not destroy a battalion. As soon as the rival line has been broken by the fire of the skirmishers, the line of battle rushes on the enemy and puts him to the rout. This mode of fighting, it is supposed, will enable the French to triumph—or as they say themselves, to display their best qualities—a daring initiative, and an audacious charge. I do not see any great change in tactics, or at least anything more than a somewhat stricter application of the "cloud of skirmishers" principle, as the precursion of a charge in column. If the French fight by skirmishers in this style, much will depend on the quality of the skirmishers opposed to them; but a retension of the attack in column ought to decide the issue of battle against them. Is it not possible that the troops which can *attack* in line will be the victors, and that battles may be decided by men who advance in line firing? At all events the General who understands best what *can* be done with the breech-loader, and what *cannot* be done will win. Practically, of course, campaigns will be decided, as they always have been by good generalship, except in cases where the two idiots or two mediocrities are manœuvreing against each other.

*La Patrie* is one of the most trusted of the semi-official journals in Paris, not *the* most trusted, for, at least in the hand of Paulin Limayrac, that characteristic might be most fairly ascribed to the *Constitutionnel*. Nevertheless the *Patrie* is a semi-official journal, and on military questions, more Bonapartist than the other journal. That being premised, let me add that I found the following passage in an article on "French Emigrants," published in the *Patrie*:—"General d'Orgoni, especially, figured in the east as the personification of the name of France, by the noble resistance, which, following the example of General Allard, he has, among the Burmese, opposed to the aggressiveness of our *natural enemies*—conduct which drew down upon him unquenchable hatred, rendered him worthy to fall into well-laid traps, and brought him home to die obscurely in France. He was happier than Allard who, in falling upon a foreign soil, dragged down the kingdom of Lahore." Charming revelation of national vanity! But the semi-official writer proceeds in this "high fallutin" strain. "Allard and d'Orgoni had opposed their common courage, as a dyke to the devastating torrent; each had animated with their sacred fire the troops arrayed before them; each armed with the blazing sword with which Joan of Arc had repelled the English (!); but, abandoned, like her, or at least, not having received the aid they had a right to expect, they failed, in spite of their valour, and the torrent, arrested for one moment, dashed on again.—Honour to them!" Very grand and patriotic; and also illustrative of the fact that, to the average Frenchman, and the average Bonapartist, England is still the "natural enemy" of France in the East; and the natural enemy, as every day proves, of Prussia in the West. Pierre Bonaparte has just published, at Brussels—it was thought indiscreet to let the book see the light first in Paris—a very heavy pamphlet, declaring that France must wipe out the 18th of June 1815, and must by taking the offensive, win back the Rhine for a frontier. Pierre Bonaparte is a grandson of Lucien. He was, or professed to be, a doubly dyed *red* in 1848; but let his colour be what it may as a Frenchman and a Bonaparte, he is for the domination of France.

## ADEN.

*(From our own Correspondent.)*

19TH JUNE.

This coal-hole of the East will soon lose its bad name. People will soon put aside a considerable part of their aversion to the climate. The only cause of complaint in future can be the intense heat; but even this has not been so bad, as far as the season has advanced. At the beginning we suffered fearfully—from sand storms, hot winds, and thermometer 101° in the shade at noon. It has gradually declined, however, and now generally stands below 96°.

I need not refer you to the reports prevalent as regards the healthiness of this climate. I deem nice that as calumnious. Aden, from its position, is rendered one of the healthiest places on the globe. Water has been the chief cause of complaint—*1st*, because of its scarcity; and *2nd*, because of the bad quality of what little was to be had. But we have had a few condensers here now some time, and in a few months more we expect three large ones from England, besides one or two from Abyssinia; and the aqueduct from Shaik Othman, now being built over the ruins of the ancient aqueduct (said to have been constructed 600 years ago), will be completed by October next. Besides this, when the condensers from England are set up, (the engineer has arrived,) we shall have ice for our sherries!

Added to these improvements, besides the fact of a line of telegraph now working between the town and Steamer Point, a distance of six miles, Sir Robert Napier has proposed to land at this place the railway stores, engines, trucks, &c., lately in use in Abyssinia, on the consideration that a system of railways should form part of the defences of Aden. He says:—"The force which it is inconvenient to allot for Aden is small, and in case of any attack being made on that place at a time when, from some unforeseen cause—such as a temporary pressure for troops elsewhere—it might be impossible to reinforce the garrison there would be difficulty in rapidly concentrating a sufficient number of men on any point that might be attacked—especially since the hilly nature of the ground and the great heat of the climate render any rapid exertion very exhausting." He speaks of the scattered state of the garrison resulting out of necessity from the size of the settlement, seven miles from east to west, and about three in the widest part, north to south; and adds that the high promontory of Marshag on the south-eastern corner of the peninsula, occupied during the summer months as a sanitarium for the officers and men of the garrison, completely commands the town, and "could be taken possession of by an attacking force whose ships might lie in safety in Fisherman's Bay, out of sight and reach of any of the guns of the fort!" Sir Robert, under these circumstances, considers that quick means of communication by which any point threatened might be at once reinforced, are absolutely necessary. The opportunity of proposing the transfer of the railway from Zoola to Aden has been very convenient and well chosen. What will you Bombayites now think of Aden with its ice machines, and telegraphs, and railways!

## EGYPT.

*(From our own Correspondent.)*

ALEXANDRIA, 12TH JUNE.

"Qui s'excuse s'accuse" is a French motto admitting of many an English application. We are all very good at the excuses, but I am afraid we don't like their necessary consequence as well, and hence I think it best to say that circumstances, over which I had no control, have prevented me from writing to you for some months past. I deeply regret, &c., &c., &c.

There are so many *on dits* here at present that, one hardly knows where to begin—especially as this letter must be a somewhat short one.

I presume you know the Abyssinian war is over, but it is probable you don't know that we have several of the late captives here at present. There is Mr. Rassam looking fat and well, who will relate to you, *viva voce*, what you have already read in the newspapers, and who is quite convinced that he has had enough of Abyssinia. There is Lieut. Prideaux who has so far returned to civilized life as to be wearing a new suit of clothes and an eye-glass. There are three unfortunate Scotch Missionaries who are going back again to Abyssinia—not having yet converted the country nor accomplished the result of "he who loveth danger." There are others who will accept the £45, &c., given to them by our Government for travelling expenses, and will go home taking their chains with them, and will probably find a British public better pay and more appreciative than an Abyssinian one. I said £45, &c., because with the sum named people here connect another gift which generally accompanies a small amount of half-pence, but, although this is the familiar way of expressing the mode in which the Home Government clears off its responsibility in the affair, I believe there is no one here who does not feel genuine sympathy with these brave men.

To night we are to have a lecture at the Scotch Church from some of the captives at present in Alexandria, and I may probably be able to send more interesting details in my next when writing, hand I hope I will have more time than at present. Sir Robert Napier was expected at Suez yesterday. The "Crocodile" sailed a day or two ago with her complement of troops and Theodore's two sons on board. The troops, &c., came through in quarantine, but yesterday the quarantine regulations were withdrawn as far as regards arrivals from the Red Sea.

The new loan is another of the topics discussed at present. It is said that the firm of Oppenheim and Nephen in this city will net over a quarter of a million sterling by the transaction. Mr. Gustave Oppenheim—the present acting head of the firm in Alexandria—has been almost worked to death by his recent exertion in connection with the loan. His visits to Ras-el-tin have been unceasing, and have frequently lasted from eight in the morning till the same hour in the evening. He is at present laid up ill, but no doubt that best of all restorers—a well paying speculation—will soon bring him round again.

We were to have had docks and a breakwater—for estimated cost of which see a recent number of the "Home News"—but no matter who proposes in this country they say 'tis *Bakshish* "qui dispose," and as this thoroughly Egyptian deity was not properly worshipped by the English gentlemen in connection with the undertaking the docks, &c., are likely "to be considered." However, time and an acquaintance with the usages of the country may work wonders. On the Ras-el-tin side of the harbour it was proposed to have a breakwater which would throughly shelter the shipping in the harbour in the worst weather. On the other, or railway side, the docks were to have been constructed and provision made for landing passengers, mails, and cargo alongside the railway. I again presume that you know the Abyssinian war is over, but you probably don't know to what extent has yet died away the jealousies and the bickerings which the disposal of the Abyssinian war contracts gave rise to in Alexandria. I will touch on this subject in a future letter and will give you some interesting little details of our own "shoddy."

The weather is not excessively warm for the season, although the *Khamsin* the day before yesterday was a genuine one of its kind.

By the end of this month every one that can will have left Alexandria, and then the monotonous torpor of the summer begins; crime and acts of fearful violence are again rife, but what can one expect where much of the rascality of Europe is in a state of semi-starvation, and where authority is represented by a few amiable gentlemen who prefer the courtesies of life among themselves to taking the slightest heed of how manners or morals are going on amongst "the vulgar." Here is a characteristic specimen of the actual state of things. Two or three days ago a young Austrian "liquorante" was forcibly taken from her beer-house by eight scoundrels who had a carriage waiting in which they took her some distance from town and there outraged her in the most horrible manner. Not content with what the imagination may readily conceive to have been accomplished, they bit off her breasts.

## BOMBAY.

THE first business sitting of the Bank of Bombay Commission will commence to-day in the Durbar Room, Town Hall.

ON Friday last the body of a native, in a state of decomposition, was washed up at Colaba by the tide.

A HINDOO, whose name is not known, was found dead at Sonapore on Friday last. The case was reported to the Coroner, who issued a warrant for the disposal of the body.

ON Saturday it was reported that the cable was right to Fao; that the Turkish line was right to Constantinople; that the Persian line was right to Teheran; and that the Egyptian line was right.

THE Foras roads which are now completed will be named as follows:—From Byculla Bridge to Dadur, DeLisle road,—from Byculla Bridge to Worlee, Haines road, from Mahaluxmee to Victoria Gardens, Clerk road,—from Tardeo to Parell, Arthur road.

A HINDOO goldsmith, named Narayen Govind, was on Saturday last sentenced by Mr. Nana Morojee to six months' imprisonment, for stealing a quantity of silver and gold and seven stones, of the aggregate value of forty rupees, belonging to one Govind Ladhoo.

IN the suit in the High Court, at the instance of the Mazagon Land and Reclamation Company against Dhunjeebhoy Burjorjee for Rs. 2,000, the amount of call due on two shares, the Hon'ble Sir Charles Sargent, after hearing the evidence of the defendant's mother, has given judgment in favour of the defendant without costs.

AMUNBEE, woman, who was seriously stabbed by her husband named Myan Mahomed Daly, in a village at Mahim, on Saturday the 20th inst. and whose dying declaration was taken at the Jamsetjee Hospital, died on Saturday last. We published the dying declaration in the our issue of Tuesday the 23rd instant.

AN extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Victoria Spinning Company (Limited) was called to be held on Saturday last for the purpose of amending the articles of association, so as to empower the board of directors to sell or mortgage the property of the Company. There was, however, no quorum, and an adjournment was made till Monday next.

ON Saturday morning last about two o'clock, a fire broke out in a warehouse in Upper Duncan Road. The whole of the cotton which was stowed there as well as the warehouse were destroyed. The cotton belonged to eight Marwarees, and the warehouse to one Raghoo Jairaj. A steam fire-engine was soon on the spot, and the fire was put out at about half-past 3 A. M. The damage is estimated at Rs. 38,000. The origin of the fire is unknown.

BEFORE the Hon'ble Sir Charles Sargent in the High Court on Saturday, Soojawoodeen Tyabjee and others brought a suit against Runchorbhoy Achurtlal for Rs. 5,978, the amount of a hoondie signed by the defendant on 21st November 1867. Mr. Budroodeen Tyebjee appeared for the plaintiffs, but there was no appearance for the defendant. The service of the summons was proved, and His Lordship then gave decree for Rs. 5,978 with interest at 9 per cent. from the 21st November 1867 until judgment, with costs.

ON Saturday the steamer "Great Victoria," Captain Enright, arrived in the harbour from Annesley Bay, having sailed thither on the 11th and called at Aden on the 15th instant. This transport brings Captain Waring, Lieutenant Graham, Mr. D. Smith, Mr. G. W. Scott, 300 followers, and 290 horses and mules. The steamer "Tynemouth" also arrived on the same day, having left Annesley Bay also on the 11th instant, and brings Lieutenant Mortimer, R. H. A., 20 inspectors, 120 followers, and 165 horses and mules. Yesterday the ships "Hope," "Empress," "Asia," "Mabel," and "British Monarch" arrived.

A NATIVE mendicant, said to be a female, may be seen sitting in Byculla near the synagogue; and a more horrible sight than that presented, it would be difficult to conceive. A veil of flesh falls over the face down upon the breast, and over the shoulder upon the back in many folds. It is a case of elephantiasis, and a more extraordinary case was perhaps never seen. The growth affects one side of the face; the other side with its eye and part of the mouth are unconcealed. It is the triumph of the sculptor's art to represent a veiled countenance; and in looking at this wretched being one is reminded of such attempts; the coarse outline of the face over which this mass of living flesh is pendent, may be traced. This abnormal growth is unattended with pain, we suppose; and possibly is valued by the woman herself for its power to draw money from passers-by. She is a *gosavin*, and came, we are told, from Bhooj. —*Bombay Guardian.*

WE deem it our duty (says the "Bombay Catholic Examiner,") to inform those who are unacquainted with our ecclesiastical affairs, that the first defendant in the disgraceful case of forgery and perjury, now going on in the Bombay High Court before the Hon'ble Sir Joseph Arnould, is not a priest under the jurisdiction of His Lordship the Bishop Vicar Apostolic. The defendant in question, the Rev. Gabriel de Silva, is under the jurisdiction of His Grace the Archbishop of Goa. His name has in past years been but too often in the columns of this paper, as he was foremost among those who opposed the then Vicar Apostolic, Bishop Hartmann of venerable memory, in the sad affairs of St. Michael's Church, at Mahim. He was one of the four priests excommunicated by Pope Pius IX. in the Bull *Probe Nostis*, and on the arrival of His Grace the Archbishop of Goa, though he was absolved from the excommunication, he was deposed from his office of Vicar at Mahim; he has known, however, how to act as though holding that office, up to the present day. We have nothing whatever to say about the trial at present; we await its issue.

VISITORS to the rooms of the Royal Asiatic Society cannot fail to be struck by the tasteful improvements which have lately been made there under the superintendence of Dr. G. Birdwood. The walls and ceilings of the library, museum, and other rooms have been newly painted in a plain, unobtrusive, but exceedingly chaste style. The library room windows are screened by white silk, the oriental library room by light red silk, and the museum by light blue silk, which has the effect of keeping out the glare of the sun and yet admitting abundance of subdued light. The small balcony of the library room has been tastefully laid out with beds of flowers, which is wonderfully refreshing to the eye. Perhaps the change is more noticeable in the vestibule, which has been painted in the Egyptian style. The spaces behind the marble statues which stand in the vestibule have been painted of a dark brick colour, against which the statues stand in full relief. A number of the Bhuddist idols in marble and stone which formerly stood in the museum have been placed at intervals against the wall with good effect. Altogether the place has been greatly improved by the alterations, which evince much good taste.

IN the High Court on Saturday, before the Hon'ble Sir Charles Sargent, a suit was called at the instance of Kisson Kanjee against Purshotum Premjee to recover Rs. 3,500 as damages for non-fulfilment of a purchase of a piece of land. Mr. Cooper appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Macpherson for the defendant. The defence was that a part of the land so purchased was occupied by a temple, and the defendant not only denied the claim, but raised a set-off for damages. His Lordship found that the defence was well founded, and that as the contract had not been fulfilled, no damages could be given; and so gave judgment for the defendant to the amount of Rs. 500. In disposing of the question of costs, His Lordship said he could not allow these to the plaintiff, as he had been informed of the objection to his claim by a previous suit in the Small Cause Court. Mr. Cooper had stated he was not aware of this intimation till the filing of the written statement in the present suit, and no doubt he had just been in the usual state of ignorance in which counsel generally were when they came into Court. Counsel seldom knew about the case, in fact His Lordship did not know that any one was so till the case gradually developed itself. Therefore Mr. Cooper was not to blame, or probably if he had been aware of all the facts, he would have recommended his client not to file the suit. Mr. Cooper here stated in reply to the Court, that it was not customary for counsel to be consulted before the filing of a suit; and His Lordship remarked that this might be a very salutary practice to adopt in Bombay, for it might save the filing of many a suit. He gave judgment in favour of the defendant for Rs. 500 with costs.

## FALL OF RAIN.

*From 21st to 27th June 1868.*

| | | Byculla. | | Fort. | | Colaba. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | In. | Cts. | In. | Cts. | In. | Cts. |
| June 21 | Sunday | 0 | 16 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 2 |
| " 22 | Monday | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 10 |
| " 23 | Tuesday | 0 | 14 | 0 | 41 | 0 | 16 |
| " 24 | Wednesday | 0 | 68 | 0 | 44 | 0 | 32 |
| " 25 | Thursday | 0 | 25 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 5 |
| " 26 | Friday | 0 | 27 | 0 | 38 | 0 | 9 |
| " 27 | Saturday | 0 | 14 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 28 |
| For the week | | 1 | 68 | 1 | 60 | 1 | 2 |
| Previously registered | | 16 | 28 | 15 | 42 | 12 | 68 |
| Total fall | | 17 | 96 | 17 | 2 | 12 | 69 |

## WEATHER REPORTS.—28TH JUNE.

Paumben, 12 P.M.—Wind south: weather fine; thermometer 0·89; barometer 29·93.

Mangalore, 2-40 P.M.—Weather cloudy; wind N. W. by W.; thermometer 81·50; barometer 29·61; rain-fall to date 76·68.

Sholapore, 12 P. M.—Weather fair; wind S. W.; thermometer 80.

Cannanore, 12 P.M.—Weather rainy; sky cloudy; wind S W. light; barometer 22 990; thermometer 78; rain 1·60.

Vingorla, 3·50 P.M.—Weather cloudy; thermometer 85; wind S. W., moderate; rain 0·81.

Carwar, 4 P.M.—Cloudy, wind S. W.; barometer 29·95; thermometer 82; rain 0·29 cents.

Galle, 9 A.M.—Steady winds and cloudy with occasional showers; thermometer 80.

Cochin, 10-35 A.M.—Weather cloudy; wind N. W.; thermometer 77; barometer 30·006; sky cumulis; rain-fall 1 inch 40 cents.

## STEAMER REPORTS.—28TH JUNE.

Galle, 5-10 P.M.—H. M.'s steamer "Adventurer," from China, anchored at 4-50 P.M.

## TELEGRAPH LINE REPORTS.—28TH JUNE.

Kurrachee, 10-32 A.M.—Cable right to Fao; Turkish line right to Constantinople; Persian line interrupted to Teheran; Egyptian line right. Latest dates from Great Britain via Turkey 26th June, via Russia 26th June; from Egypt 22nd June.

## EXHIBITION OF ABYSSINIAN CURIOSITIES.

SEVERAL articles which lately belonged to the Emperor Theodorus will be exhibited to-day and during the week at the rooms of the Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall. The collection consists of two royal robes, a forage cap, saddle, bridle, and mule trappings, which have been sent to Mr. Gumpert, Austrian and Prussian Consul in Bombay, by Mr. Moritz Hall, one of the liberated Abyssinian captives. Mr. Gumpert has offered the collection to the Asiatic Society for Rs. 2,500, and Dr. Birdwood, Secretary of the Society, has sent a circular to the members of committee intimating the offer. Dr. Birdwood thinks the silver and gold work with which these articles are ornamented alone worth the price asked, and recommends that the committee should respectfully submit to Government that the articles ought to be purchased by Government and presented to the Society for exhibition, as a memorial which Bombay should possess of an expedition fitted out from this port, commanded by the Commander-in-Chief of the army of this Presidency, and which has reflected so much credit both on the army and the Government.

The most gorgeous of the two robes has probably been a state-robe of the Emperor's. It is made of dark-blue silk and richly embroidered with silk thread of different colours. The breast is covered by three large plates of finely wrought open gold work, set on a silver plate. The back and sides are studded with large studs of gold work of the same description, and the whole robe is profusely decorated by silver spangles, with here and there imitation emeralds, rubies, &c., in coloured glass set in silver. The whole robe is such as we can suppose would please an uncivilized monarch, with the ordinary fondness for anything gaudy. The other robe differs altogether from the first, and probably belonged to one of Theodore's Queens. It also is of silk and is covered with flowers beautifully wrought with fine silk, with gold thread running through it. The saddle, bridle, and trappings are covered with light green silk, and are also profusely covered with plates of open gold work, coloured glass set in silver, and silver bangles. The cap is a simple red Turkish fez, with four plates of gold work, and one on the top shaped something like a small crown, and terminating in an imitation emerald. The cap, too, is edged with silver bangles. The collection is a somewhat curious one, and is well worth a visit.

## STRANDING OF THE "JAMES CHILD" AT KURRACHEE.

WE have now received the particulars of the loss of the ship "James Child," which whilst on the voyage from Bombay to Kurrachee grounded off the Kyn mouth of the Indus at midnight on the 11th, as already mentioned in our correspondent's letters. The following is taken from the official log of the vessel, published in the "Sind News," as the mishap "tends so much to affect the interests of the port":—

Thursday, 11th June, 8 p. m.—Light breeze and hazy; received orders from Master to sound at 12 and report soundings. Midnight—I, Chief Officer, was called and told by the 2nd Officer, Mr. Bryson, that the water was getting rather discoloured, on which I asked him how long since the ship had he been in it, on which he replied "since about 10 P.M." I proceeded at once on deck, and on looking over the side found the look of the water indicating a near approach to land. I at once ordered the helm hard down, and brought the ship to the wind; with main topsail to the mast, and aground, and first struck soundings in 3 fathoms. Immediately called the captain, who on seeing the ship so near shallow water, ordered the helm up to wear round, but before she could get round, and having little way, she struck in less than a minute, and being amongst surf, struck frequently and violently and ceased to answer her helm, whereupon the yards were trimmed so as to force the ship beyond the reach of the heaviest of the breakers and her head kept to the eastward—thereby receiving less of the violence of the waves; wind moderate and weather fine; was told by the men that it had been remarked to Mr. Bryson the same.

Friday, 12th June, a.m.—Began getting boats overside; at about 2,30 gig stove and capsized alongside the ship and was lost; got the other boats over safely and with great difficulty and danger succeeded in keeping them afloat; surf perpetibly decreasing in violence as ship drives higher on the sand; 8 a.m.—Chief officer and boat's crew landed through the surf and found no human being or indication of the vicinity of any kind of habitation. All immediately returned to the ship; at about noon, crew came aft and requested to land, as they said they expected to procure assistance for themselves; kept them on board till about 4 p.m. when one boat capsized, and rendered it a difficult matter to save the life of the boat keeper. 6 p.m.—Seeing all appearance of a very dirty night, and only one boat being left, all hands landed and slept on the beach for the night. Strong gale and dark cloudy weather.

Saturday, June 13th,—a.m.—At daylight proceeded to where the capsized boat lay and succeeded in bringing her off to the ship; all hands returned to ship. Noon—Some natives came near and said they would take some of us to Kurrachee by the inland route and that they would be ready by break of day.

At midnight of the 13th it is stated there was strong wind at intervals with threatening weather; and at noon on Sunday the chief officer and boats' crew proceeded to Kurrachee for assistance. On that and the two following days, however, the weather was moderate; the crew were variously employed on board, and though the pumps were watched there was little water. On Wednesday the chief officer and boats' crew returned from Kurrachee to the ship; and the rest of the crew then with the aid of some native fishermen, laid out kedges to prevent the ship from turning broad-side to the wind. Then in the evening and at midnight there were terrific gales from the S. W., but on the following day these moderated and the hands were employed in heaving out ballast and tending the hausers, boats, &c., though when the consignees sent for their bales in the afternoon they could not be delivered as the water was high and the tide on the increase. The *James Childs* is, it seems, of 755 tons burthen, belongs to London, and is not insured. She was employed as a transport in connection with the Abyssinian expedition, and after her engagement in that was chartered to take up a cargo of gingelly seed at Kurrachee for Marseilles by Messrs. S. Tyabjee & Co. She sailed from Bombay for this purpose on the 4th instant, and grounded off the Kye mouth of the Indus at mid-night on the 11th. The ship lies in comparative safety, and will have to keep her position until the monsoon is over before she can be got off. In the meantime the captain will remove her masts. She is lying on a bed of spongy sand. Captain Sheen arrived in Kurrachee on Saturday.

## FORT POLICE COURT.—27TH JUNE.

(BEFORE JOHN CONNON, ESQ.)

THEFT.—Balla Vittoo, blacksmith, was sentenced to receive twelve stripes, for stealing gold and silver ornaments, of the value of Rs. 45, from a woman Minah.—Succaram Sivajee was ordered a like punishment for stealing 26 yards of red woolen cloth, valued at Rs. 32½.

DISOBEDIENT SAILORS.—Leon Moore and John Smith, from the ship "Victoria Cross," Captain Cowley, were sentenced to four weeks' imprisonment each with hard labour for continued disobedience.—John Scott, from the "Surrey," Captain Marshall, was sentenced to the same punishment for a similar offence.—James Price and Robert Erskine, from the "Balkamah," were each sentenced to one day's imprisonment, for disobedience, in refusing to leave the captain's cabin, when ordered to do so by the captain and second officer, and for assaulting Captain Poole whilst he was putting Price in irons.

## MAZAGON POLICE COURT.—27TH JUNE.

(BEFORE NANA MOROJEE, ESQ.)

THEFT.—Domingo Francis and J. C. D'Souza were charged with stealing, on the 21st instant, one single barrelled gun, of the value of Rs. 17, belonging to Suddoo Jannoo. On Sunday, the 21st instant, the complainant and defendant were firing their guns at Parell. He went for a short time to his house to get some powder, and on his return he found the defendants had disappeared. Complainant reported the matter to the police, who apprehended both the defendants. The plea set forth by the defendants was that the prosecutor gave the gun to the second defendant and asked him to get it sold for him. His Worship on the evidence before him adjudged the second defendant guilty, and sentenced him to three months' rigorious imprisonment. The first defendant was discharged.

AN OLD OFFENDER.—Babajee Urjoon was charged with stealing a saree, a silver snuff-box, &c., of the aggregate value of Rs. 44, the property of Nowrojee Pestonjee. The prisoner admitted the offence, and was sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment in the House of Correction.

## LAW.

### HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

*Monday, 22nd June, 1868.*

(BEFORE THE HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE NEWTON AND THE HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE TUCKER.)

MURDER.—Joseph De Mello, a Christian, about sixty years of age, was charged before Charles P. H. Shaw, Esq., Session Judge of Belgaum, with culpable homicide, amounting to murder, of one Edward De Cruz, on the 24th March 1868. The following is the Session Judge's finding on the evidence:—

The prisoner, De Mello, is charged with the murder of his grandson Edward De Cruz. It is in evidence that, on the morning of the 24th March, the sisters Theresa and Charlotte De Cruz were awoke from sleep by hearing the sound of blows in the next room occupied by their brother Edward, and on running to ascertain the cause they found Edward lying on the bed, bleeding from blows on the head, and De Mello standing by with a large, heavy one-inch ruler in his hand. The sisters threw themselves on their grandfather De Mello, but before they overpowered him, he cut open the forehead of Theresa with a blow from the ruler and blackened the eye of Charlotte with his fist. The girls led out their grandfather and sent for help, and as De Silva approached, the sisters were telling him what had happened, when De Mello, taking the opportunity of their relaxed vigilance, ran back to Edward's room and delivered a third blow with the ruler on the face or head of the poor boy. This blow was witnessed by Charlotte De Cruz. As soon as De Silva returned, he wrested the ruler from De Mello's hand, the sisters having failed to do so, and threw the ruler outside the house, where it was picked up by Fuckroodeen Kotwal. The clothes of the prisoner De Mello, the shirt sprinkled all over with blood, confirm the evidence of the sisters De Cruz and De Silva, and the Court has no doubt that De Mello inflicted the wound, which Dr. Thorp shows, were the cause of the death of Edward De Cruz. The cause of death was so manifest that both he and Dr. Raby did not deem a *post mortem* examination necessary. The Court does not consider that the evidence of the Rev. Mr. Watson, Chaplain at Belgaum, at all tends to show that De Mello, at the time of committing the offence, was of unsound mind, and it would be monstrous on the ground urged by the Chaplain to pronounce his offence as something less than deliberate murder. The motive of De Mello is apparent; he was angry with his grandson for supposed familiarity with the daughter of a woman he wished to make his wife. For the above reasons, the Court concurred with the Assessors, and found the prisoner guilty of murder and sentenced him to be hanged, subject to confirmation by the High Court.

The High Court, on a review of the case, confirmed the sentence of death passed by the Sessions Judge.

## BOMBAY CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

ON Saturday morning the Third Criminal Sessions for the present year was opened in the High Court—the Hon'ble Sir Richard Couch, Chief Justice, on the Bench.

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.—Baichund Govindjee was charged with having on 14th April committed criminal breach of trust in respect of fifty tolas of silver, entrusted to him by Khooshal Mottee, and also in respect of a pair of silver anklets entrusted to him by Khooshal, and further with having misappropriated and converted the same to his own use. The prisoner pleaded not guilty.

After having been addressed by His Lordship, the jury found the prisoner guilty on both charges.

His Lordship then sentenced the prisoner to undergo one year's rigorous imprisonment for the first offence, and at the expiration of that term to be imprisoned for a further term of one year for the second offence.

HOUSE-BREAKING AND THEFT.—Ramnarayen Ajodhya, Thakoor Pursad, Sewrajsing Sewpalsing, and Sooleman Ibrahim were respectively charged with having committed house-breaking by night in order to commit theft; with having committed theft of two promissory notes for Rs. 500 each, and several other notes of different values, and other articles of property belonging to Damodhur Hurry; and also with having received the property knowing it to be stolen. Thacker Pursad pleaded guilty; the others pleaded not guilty.

Damodhur Hurry deposed that he was a piece goods merchant, and had a shop in Gunnesh Waddy. On the night of 8th April last, he left his shop about half-past eleven o'clock, leaving two boxes, which were locked, containing promissory notes, jewellery, and other property. Next morning he was informed that his shop had been broken into, and when he went to the shop he found that a hole had been made in the wall behind large enough to admit a man, the shop door open, and the articles which he had left in the boxes had been stolen. Ramnarayen and Sewrajsing were watchmen in the neighbourhood, and Sooleman was an inhabitant of Poona, whom he had sometimes seen with a sepoy in the employment of his landlord.

A police havildar deposed that he had arrested all the four prisoners. The first prisoner produced some notes from under the ground and Rs. 9 in silver; the third prisoner produced a bamboo cane from under the ground containing one note for Rs. 500, one for Rs. 20, and five for Rs. 20; and also a bundle containing Rs. 12 in silver, and some old coins. There a note for Rs. 50, four for Rs. 10, and Rs. 18 in silver were recovered from a courtesan, to whom they had been given by the fourth prisoner.

Further evidence having been adduced, and his Lordship having briefly summed up,

The jury, after a short consultation in the box, returned a verdict against the three prisoners, finding them guilty of having received stolen property knowing it to be stolen.

His Lordship said that the three prisoners who had pleaded not guilty were perhaps more criminal than even the man who had pleaded guilty, and the sentence of the Court upon them was that they each undergo rigorous imprisonment for two years. Thackoor Pursad, who had pleaded guilty of house-breaking and theft, was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for three years.

THEFT.—Sooma Ganoojee pleaded guilty to having in the beginning of this month committed theft, and was sentenced to be imprisoned for 18 months.

HOUSE-BREAKING AND THEFT.—Oosman Meya Jan and Sheik Ahmed Mahomed Sayud were respectively charged with having on 9th May committed house-breaking in order to commit theft; with having committed theft in a building used as a human dwelling of various gold and silver ornaments; and further with having received the property knowing it to be stolen.

The prosecutor, Ebraim Meghjee, a merchant at Mandvee Bunder, deposed that on 9th May he had gone to the Small Cause Court leaving his house without anybody in it, and locking up the door. At half-past three o'clock, when he returned, he found the padlock of the door unfastened, and a box in which he had left a large number of gold and silver ornaments and also pieces of wearing apparel had been opened and was lying empty. The articles which he had left in the box had been carried away.

The evidence of a police jemadar showed that shortly afterwards nearly all the property was found in the possession of the prisoners, except some wearing apparel which one of them had pledged with a borah, and which also was recovered. The jemadar also deposed that Sheik Ahmed had admitted to him that he had stolen the property, and that the two prisoners had divided it between them.

The Judge having briefly summed up, the jury at once gave a verdict finding each of the prisoners guilty of theft in a building used as a human dwelling, and both were sentenced to be rigorously imprisoned for two years.

HOUSEBREAKING.—Purshotum Moorar was charged with having on the night of 17th June committed housebreaking in order to commit theft in a building used for the custody of property by Narayen Butchajee, and further with having attempted to commit that offence.

His Lordship in summing up said the evidence showed that he had broken the lock, but there was no evidence that when he was discovered he had effected an entry in the slightest degree into the house, but it was for the jury to say whether when the prisoner took off the lock he had the intention of entering the premises.

The jury found the prisoner guilty of attempting to commit housebreaking; and the prisoner was sentenced to undergo rigorous imprisonment for two years, his Lordship remarking that it was fortunate for the prisoner that he had been stopped before he had effected an entrance and thus committed housebreaking, for had he been found guilty of that offence, and since he had been previously convicted for the same offence, he would have been sentenced to transportation. As he had been found guilty only of attempting to commit housebreaking, his sentence could not be increased on account of his previous conviction.

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.—Sooka Punna was charged with having on 20th May committed criminal breach of trust in respect of three Government promissory notes for Rs. 1,000 each. Prisoner had been a servant in the employ of Babajee Sewdasew, and had received the notes with instructions to deliver them to different firms, instead of which he absconded with money to Surat, where he was apprehended by a jemadaar of the Bombay Police.

The jury, after having been addressed by his Lordship, retired to consider their verdict, and after an absence of about half an hour, returned a verdict of not guilty, and the prisoner was discharged.

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.—While the jury was absent, his Lordship sentenced Hattaram Woozeeram to eighteen months' imprisonment, the prisoner having pleaded guilty to a charge of criminal breach of trust.

The Court then adjourned till this morning at ten o'clock.

## INDIAN NEWS-LETTERS.

*(From our own Correspondents.)*

POONA, 25TH JUNE.

THE tide of the "Poona season" is fast setting in, and although the number of strangers and Bombay notabilities does not promise to be so great as in former years, the display of uniforms at the Governor's levee yesterday was on a very extensive scale, and the whole affair went off with great eclat, and with the usual expenditure of powder. His Excellency, I am glad to be in a position to tell you, looked in extremely good health—in fact quite bucolic—and he appeared to be in a perfect state of serenity after the wear and tear and worry incident to the "getting up," and subsequent *dis*-organization, of the Abyssinian Expedition, which has resulted in a success so triumphant and unexpected, that "no fellah" can yet thoroughly comprehend how it was brought about—whether by the direct interference of Providence as some suppose, or the Chief's good luck and generalship. Be this as it may, we have the most direct evidence now before us, that the Army of Deliverance is in a state of rapid decomposition, for one cannot feel certain of turning a corner in any part of the station without encountering the danger of being run over or into by an Abyssinian hero, distinguished or otherwise; and as for the returned transports, the numbers of that much "chaffed" corps are "legion." The news of the grant of six months' batta to the troops of the Expedition has, as might have been expected, been received here with lively expressions of gratitude by all those who are entitled to it; but there are a good many grumblers who, like Oliver Twist, are still "asking for more;" and, as it appears to me, not altogether without reason, for I am assured, on good authority, that the losses which many officers have suffered by the destruction of their kit will make a tremendous hole in, if they do not entirely swallow up their donation batta. Amends will, however, in all probability be made to these unfortunates, by the cheap process of the infliction of the "Brevet," and a shower of bronze medals manufactured from the guns captured at Magdala.

The monson has set in all over the Deccan much earlier this year than usual, and was heralded by several of the severest thunder-storms that have been known within the experience of the oldest inhabitant—which caused much mischief by the destruction of trees and serious damage to house property. Zinc roofs were suddenly converted into "curl papers," and were sent flying before the storm in all directions, to the serious inconvenience of the "passenger-traffic" of the station; and it is related as a fact, that on one occasion the wind was so strong as to have carred two Moguls off their legs to a distance of several hundred yards, their umbrellas acting as *parachutes*. Fortunately there were no bones broken; the unlucky Iranees being more frightened than hurt. I regret to say that several natives were struck by the electric fluid and killed. One man, a servant of Mr. Merwanjee, late Inspecting Post Master of the Deccan, was killed whilst engaged on some occupation in his master's house in the Main Street. The lightning passed through the midst of several members of the household before striking the unfortunate man, without doing any other mischief, except breaking a moon-lamp and splitting a blackwood round table precisely in halves. Considerable damage has been done to the Governor's house in course of erection at Gunesh Khind, and it is said that it will take another season to repair the damage the building has thus sustained. People say that the accident was more due to faulty design, faulty construction, and the want of cohesion in the materials employed, than to the storm under which the work has succumbed. The good-natured friends of the "P. W. D." are in ecstasies at the catastrophe, and the architect is being subjected to an amount of chaffing sufficient to send him into a fit of desperation sufficient to ensure a more permanent construction of the edifice than he has as yet achieved. The roof of the new Poona College, near

## BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

A SUMMARY of the contents of the half yearly report of the directors of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company (which was to be considered at a meeting of shareholders on the 12th instant) appeared in our Commercial Letter from London, published on Saturday. We append the greater part of the report (dated 3rd April) prepared by Mr. F. Mathew, the Chief Resident Engineer, and which is printed along with that of the directors. The part relating to Back Bay in particular will be found interesting :—

"I have the honour to report that the way and works throughout have been maintained in good order during the half-year ended on the 31st December last, except the line fencing in certain districts and the portion of the Nerbudda Valley embankment which was washed away by the extraordinary floods of last monsoon. The causes of the wash-away have already been very fully reported on, as have also the measures which were adopted for the continuance of traffic and for the restoration of the line. Within a month in the rains the road was again in order, and the approval of Government was expressed on the work done. There has since been a concurrence of sanction from Government and the Directors on the measures proposed to render the line in the Nerbudda Valley safe in future. The necessary works are now being carried out: the small separate bridges open in the embankment have closed; whilst to provide additional water way at the main outlet six spans of sixty feet have lately, without stopping traffic, been added to the Nerbudda bridge, which now consists of sixty-seven spans of 60 feet each * * * *

"The maintenance account, as prepared, shows for the last half-year a total of Rs. 3,69,000 for the line and works throughout the 306 miles of open line and 60 miles of sidings; but as the amounts above noted have been included and also some further considerable amounts for improvements, the result of a division of the total by the mileage cannot be taken as the rate of cost for the merely ordinary maintenance. * * * *

"In looking to the necessary expense for maintenance of this Company's line, consideration has to be given to the peculiar position of the portion of the main line which has already been constructed. When it is remembered that 10,664 lineal yards of iron bridges crossing some of the most considerable rivers in India have to be maintained—that the work necessitates the retention of an expensive staff of fitters and divers, and that long lengths of the line are washed by the sea, it will be seen that the maintenance cost for the existing line cannot be expected to be at the same rate as for the lines which have already the greater portion of their lengths on the great plain above the Ghauts, where the rivers are few, and where the rainfall is comparatively light. I have, however, on the whole to report that careful attention has been and is being given to economy in maintenance throughout this Company's line, but with the view that as near an approach as possible may be made to perfect safety and perfect smoothness of way which are essential conditions in the economical maintenance of a railway.

"With reference to new works on Capital Account since the date of my last half-yearly Report, the several works which have been completed or commenced on Capital Account have been in accordance with designs and upon estimates, each of which has been specially sanctioned by Government, whilst also a copy of each design and estimate has been forwarded by you to the Board of Directors. With the exception of the works for the completion of the large viaducts, all the works referred to on Capital Account have been done by contract, and, as a rule, at a cost well within the amounts of the sanctioned estimates. Amongst the new works may be mentioned the extension of 2½ miles from Ahmedabad station to the Saburmuttee River, the works on which were commenced on the 26th November last, and, with the exception of a public road overbridge for the site of the approaches to which land has not yet been obtained from the Collector, were finished in a most satisfactory manner on the 25th ult. The design for the Saburmuttee river bridge, 18 spans of 60 feet, having been lately sanctioned, the work has been let by contract at very moderate rates, to be completed within 11 months, the monsoon months included, and the materials are now being delivered at the river over the new line. The other additional new works on the main line undertaken since the date of the last half-yearly report, are the low level goods yard at Surat, which will be completed within a month, the additional sidings for cotton traffic at Broach yard, which have been completed and are now in use, the cover over for the lines of way and platforms at the new Baroda station, which has been finished, and the passenger platforms, with booking offices, at Dadur and Parell, in the island of Bombay, which have been erected and are now in use. The construction of the buildings and fittings for general stores, and of the buildings and yard for Locomotive Depots at Parell, have been completed, and nothing of account now remains to be done at Parell except to complete the erection of the machinery arriving, and the transfer of the workmen from Amrolee. As regards the works upon the large bridges, the materials for the new continuous pier girders have been lately arriving in considerable quantities, and the Mhye and the Nurbudda Viaducts will, I expect, be completed this season, with the exception of the addition to the length of the Nurbudda Viaduct, the whole of the works on which cannot be completed, but will be placed in a safe condition before the monsoon floods.

"In Bombay, the permission of Government has not yet been received to commence the terminus works, but the approach through Back Bay has been proceeded with. Since the Back Bay works were resumed in April last, there has been an outlay of about Rs. 8,25,000 on behalf of Government; over one-third of the length of the approach has been formed; on the whole length a portion has been done, and the whole of the way to Colaba may be completed within this year. To meet a recent proposal to revert to this Company original design, but which was altered three years ago by Government, to have the passenger terminus at the Marine Lines instead of adjoining the goods terminus at Colaba, new designs and estimates have been submitted for the goods terminus at Colaba and for the passenger terminus on the Esplanade. The estimates to complete the whole of the works, including this Company's proportion of the cost of the approach from the Marine Lines, amount to Rs. 14,76,000, and of this sum Rs. 5,27,000 are for English materials, the greater quantities of which have already been received from the Directors, and are now in stores here. As regards the approach through Back Bay it may be satisfactory to note that Government have consented to an amendent of the former design, and that this Company's line will now be placed in a safe position, inside a wide ride and drive which will be made over to the public. By the alteration, the railway has been placed in a more safe position, and not only will a public promenade, ride, and drive, 84 feet in width, for a length of over two and a half miles along the sea shore, have been obtained cost free, but there will also be an actual saving of Rs. 62,000 to Government.

"As regards the position of this Company's line generally, it is unhappily still to be noticed that approach roads to the stations throughout the line continue to be most urgently wanted. A few short lengths of roads on districts have been made under the direction of the Collector from local funds, but nothing has yet been done towards forming roads or railway feeders to the extent required and fairly due on the productive but long neglected districts through which this Company's line passes.

"Of the survey works upon which this Company's Staff have been engaged during the past season, I have to report that a very satisfactory preliminary survey has been completed between Neemuch, Nusseerabad, Jeypoor and Delhi, 390 miles, and between Jeypoor and Agra, 96 miles, and surveys of the more direct alternative line between Neemuch, Jeypoor and Delhi are now being proceeded with, as also of a new alternative line from Jeypore by Ajmere to Palee, to join the survey formerly made by this Company east from Deesa.

"On the only difficult part of the extension of this Company's line on the Ghauts, near Neemuch, a considerable improvement has been effected in the lines for the whole length between [illegible] which are now being prepared [illegible], and the final location is being proceeded with so as to have the full and accurate information necessary for the preparation of working plans and estimates, which will be required whenever Government and the Company decide upon the commencement of their works."

## MORTALITY AMONGST IMMIGRANTS IN MAURITIUS.

The *Gazette of India* publishes several official documents which were forwarded to the Home Government by the Government of Mauritius, and copies of which have been forwarded to the Government of India at the request of the Governor of that Colony, with the view of correcting some errors which are said to have prevailed here (the *Friend of India* in particular is accused of them) in reference to the mortality during the half-year ending 30th June 1867 amongst the immigrants in the Mauritius.

The fact which the papers are particularly intended to show is, that the percentage of deaths amongst immigrants employed upon estates is much smaller than that among immigrants not so employed.

The contents of the documents are thus summed up in a report from the Emigrant Commissioners to the Colonial Secretary (dated 25th February):—

"I have to acknowledge your letter of 19th instant, with a despatch from the Governor of Mauritius, transmitting and analyzing the usual summary of the Protector of Immigrants of the reports received from the Stipendiary Magistrates for the half-year ending 30th June 1867.

"Sir H. Barkly's despatch gives so clear an explanation of the effect of the summary, that it will be sufficient to state the result very briefly. During the six months ending with June last, the epidemic, which has been so disastrous in Mauritius, was raging in full intensity. It might naturally be expected that, under these circumstances, the immigrant population would suffer very much. This, however, as far as regards those on estates, was the case only in one district. That district, Black River, was the district in which the epidemic first began, and where it was throughout most severe. In Black River the mortality in six months, among 4,049 labourers, was 401, or 9·90 per cent., while of 1,042 cases of sickness among the women, 264 terminated fatally, and of 751 among the children, no less than 264. In the Pamplemousses, Riviere du Rempart, and Flacq Districts, the mortality during the first three months, among 35,285 laborers, was at the rate of only 2½ per cent. per annum, and though it increased during the second quarter in Pamplemousses, it did not exceed in the three districts 4½ per cent. per annum. In the Plaines Wilhelms District, where the epidemic also prevailed, the mortality among 7,160 immigrants was at the rate of only 2½ per cent.; while in the Grand Port and Savanne District which escaped the epidemic, the deaths were only 161 out of 21,282 labourers, or at the rate of 1·50 per cent. per annum. The whole mortality among upwards of 70,000 immigrants employed on estates did not exceed, in the six months, 1½ per cent.

"These results contrast very favourably with the mortality which is said to have prevailed among the immigrant population not on estates, and must be accepted as proof that the immigrants employed on estates have been carefully treated, and have been placed in circumstances conducive to health. Sir H. Barkly suggests that it should be communicated to the Government of India as an answer to some exaggerated articles that have appeared in the Indian papers on the subject of the epidemic. There can of course be no objection, but the contrary, to communicate the information to the Government of India; but I am not aware of any reason why Sir H. Barkly should not have done so at once without reference to the Secretary of State.

"From the report of the Protector, enclosed in Sir H. Barkly's despatch, it appears that there is an improvement in the camps and hospitals on estates: only 11 of the former and one of the latter being now classed as "bad." The daily percentage of "absentees" had fallen from 9·2 in December 1866 to 5·6 in June 1867, but this was counterbalanced by an increase in the number of deserters from 2,384 to 2,943. The Protector looks to the ordinance, now under the consideration of the Duke of Buckingham, to correct this evil. The whole number of men employed on estates was 70,722, of women 244. The number of men employed by job contractors was 1,396. The number of unemployed women on estates was 22,694.

"There is nothing in these reports to require any action on the part of the Secretary of State, unless His Grace should think it right to communicate to the Secretary of State for India the facts above enumerated in respect to the mortality of immigrants on estates. They have an obvious bearing on the Immigration Consolidation Ordinance, on which I have to-day submitted a separate report."

## CENTRAL ASIAN NEWS FROM RUSSIAN SOURCES.

(*Englishman.*)

FROM Russian sources we learn that a tribe of Turcomans, owing allegiance to the Khan of Khiva—Oorgunge, presided over by a chief named Atmurath had applied to the Governor-General of Orenburg for permission to be received as subjects of Russia. The reason given for such an extraordinary request being preferred by a tribe of Turcomans, whose habitat is the waste between the Caspian and Lake Aral, is, the Khan of Khiva has interfered with their marauding excursions. This reason is sufficient to throw doubt on the whole statement, although it is circulated by so respectable a journal as the *Gazette de la Bourse*. Khiva has for some time been the head-quarters of the Turkoman *alleman* or raiders, and their best and and favorite mart for slaves. In fact Russia has a quarrel with Khiva on this very score. If, then, the Khan has interfered to prevent practices he has hitherto strenuously encouraged, it can only be because he has yielded to Russian dictation. The papers before us give another account of Colonel Abramof's attack on Bogdan Ata and Ukhum in the Noor Atta Tau range, west of Djizak, which reads very like an account of one of our minor demonstrations on the Pathan border. Colonel Abramof, however, used cavalry and two guns, where we should probably have used guns and infantry. The most important result of the expedition is the resolve to place a special detachment in the centre of the Bogdan Ata district. Some of the Russian journals, notably the *Moskva*, have had their pre-conceived notions of Turkistan as a steppe region pure and simple roughly disturbed by this affair. They ask whether the bombardment of Ukhum is to be taken as a parallel case to many military operations in the Caucasus. They express dissatisfaction with Colonel Abramof's proceedings, and call for more particulars. When we first drew attention to the attempts of Russia to secure by negotiation with the Ameer of Bokhara, permission to build a cantonment at Charjooee on the Oxus, there were certain Indian journals who did not hesitate to question our information, and this, too, although they were without that intelligence which alone could authorise such a proceeding. Private advices from St. Petersburgh, as well as the remarks of the Russian press, place it beyond doubt that Russia is, and has been anxious to secure a footing at Charjooee. The importance of such a post cannot be over-rated. At Charjooee the Oxus is 650 yards broad, and from 25 to 29 feet deep; a short distance below it is Eltchig, whence there is boat navigation for persons proceeding from Bokhara to Khiva. Charjooee itself is the terminus of the great Khorassan route to Bokhara *via* Subzawar Meshed, Surrukhs, and Merv, on the one side, and of the route from Herat along the Murghab to Merv, and thence to Bokhara.

So satisfied is the Emperor with the progress already made in Turkistan, that he has already broken through the usual etiquette in such matters to confer the 2nd class of the Vladimir order on General Heins the head of the Civil Administration at Tashkend. The most important event of the winter, was a speech made at Tashkend early in the year by General Kauffman, the Governor-General. The General drew a careful picture between the past and present state of the districts already annexed to Russia, and then went on to depict the future before the people. He appealed especially to the Sarts or Tadjiks, and distinctly declared that whilst the benefits of Russian rule could be developed by their assisting the administration, any opposition on their part would convince him of their unfitness for a civilised Government, and lead him to adopt a policy of absolutism, and "to terrify the natives into submission and obedience." Further on, he told them the Russian Government is strong enough to bind them to its will, and generally his tone was as haughty, uncompromising, and determined, as the Russian papers would have us believe their administration of their new conquest is mild, acceptable, and conciliatory.

## EXCESSIVE RAINS IN THE EASTERN PARTS OF INDIA.

(*Englishman, June 23.*)

THE dawks are beginning to come in slowly from the districts which have suffered most from the recent rains. The intelligence they bring quite bears out our worst anticipations. Telegrams from Assam represent the whole country as under water. The dawk which left Cuttack on 11th June, was not delivered in Calcutta till the night of 20th idem, a delay of nearly a week. The station of Cuttack is said to have assumed the appearance of an island, and the inhabitants were in hourly fear of the river sweeping into, and over the town. Communication with the district had been cut off by the floods. Orissa would seem to have become the sport of misfortune of late years. The many hill streams which traverse its eastern districts, have risen above their banks, and converted the country into a vast lake. We have letters from Balasore, dated 17th, in which it is said that the rain began on the 5th. The rivers had become impassable for want of proper boats. The country was flooded, and if the rain continued, the writer added, "you will have to send steamers to bring us away." The greatest distress prevails amongst the natives, and there is every prospect of another famine, for the floods will have spoilt the stores of rice, and have drowned a large proportion of the stock of cattle spared by the late famine. On the 17th, when the post left, the weather was reported to have moderated somewhat. The Magistrates and the Police had gone out in boats, to save as many natives as possible. Hundreds had taken refuge in the trees, from which they were being picked off. We learn from Midnapore, that the Cossai river burst its bund at Gobindnugger, on the 17th June. The flood poured over the country, through a gap in the embankment 100 yards wide. Two days previously, the same stream had burst through the embankment at Lashkadiggee. On the 19th instant, the river was still pouring through both breaches. For several miles along the road between Panchkoora and Oolaberrish, the people are huddled together in groups of hundreds, with their cattle alongside of them. There is not a particle of shelter for either men or beasts. On the 19th instant the road between Midnapore and Mynunghur was, for the distance of a mile, under water to a depth of four feet at least. These particulars, although meagre, are sufficient to indicate the magnitude of this new disaster which has overtaken Orissa. It is to be hoped that no time will be lost in ascertaining the proportions of the distress throughout the districts, and in applying some measure of relief.

## AN ABYSSINIAN OFFICER IN THE DIVORCE COURT.

MADAN V. MADAN AND DE THOREN.

THIS case came before Sir J. P. Wilde and a special jury, in the Court of Divorce, on June 3. The husband petitioned for dissolution of marriage on the ground of the wife's adultery, and he also claimed damages against the co-respondent. The respondent denied the charge.

Mr. Dean, Q.C., Mr. Coleridge, Q.C., and Mr Bayford, for the petitioner; Dr. Spinks, Q.C., Mr. Sharpe, and Mr. Searle, for the respondent, Mr. Huddleston, Q.C., Mr. Day, and Mr. Grantham, for the co-respondent.

The petitioner is a captain in the army, and now holds a staff appointment in India. In 1860, being then stationed with his regiment, the 45th, at Demerara, he married the respondent. On returning to England he went to study at Sandhurst, and there made the acquaintance of the co-respondent, Lieut. DeThoren, who was at the time junior instructor in military history at the College. In the course of May, 1867, the petitioner discovered that his wife was carrying on an intrigue with the co-respondent. She left her home, but he condoned her misconduct, and they then went down on a visit to his sister at Lichfield. It did not appear whether any altercation took place between them at Lichfield, but after being there for a few days the petitioner went over to Birmingham to have a deed of separation prepared, and the respondent in his absence came up to London. She again met the co-respondent and it was proved that they afterwards cohabited as man and wife at the Charing-cross Hotel and other places. The co-respondent, who had to give up his appointment at Sandhurst, subsequently joined his regiment at Bombay and served, it was said, in the Abyssinian expedition. There was no defence.

Mr. Huddleston, in addressing the jury, urged that the facts showed that the co-respondent was not a heartless seducer, and the case not one for damages.

His Lordship having summed up,

The jury, without leaving the box, found for the petitioner, and assessed the damages at £1,500.

The Court granted a decree *nisi*, and condemned the co-respondent in costs.

## THEODORE'S LAST MOMENTS.

(*Patrie.*)

THEODORE did not commit suicide. Having witnessed the destruction of his army, and having searched death in vain amid ball and shell, when he saw the head of the enemy's columns crown the breach he understood that his last hour was come; he saw that resistance was impossible, and that he was about to be made prisoner. This reflection made him roar (*rugir*). If the English captives had been still in his power, their death would have been certain. In a fit of fury, or rather madness, he ordered their extermination forgetting that they were free in the English camp. On seeing his power fleeing from him with the blood of his soldiers, contemplating his empire destroyed, his dynasty overturned, his reign finished, two streams of tears coursed down his cheeks; the muscles his face and chest were contracted with pain, and his limbs writhed in mute despair. His bitter sufferings should atone for many of his crimes. Two balantcheras, pistol in hand, stood silently waiting his order. He gave his will to Emgheddo. Crossing his arms over his breast he prayed; then with a hollow voice he repeated several times, "Ethiopia! Ethiopia! my wife! my children!" The gate, trembling under the blows of the assailants, was giving way. Proudly raising his head, Theodore drew his sword to perish like a European. "In the bosom of the Trinity," said he to the balantcheras, 'fire.' They both aimed at his head, but Emgheddo's courage failed, and his arm fell inert. Area afone obeyed, and his bullet broke the skull of Africa's bravest warrior. The balantcheras remained by the body of their master expecting death. At this moment the gate was broken in, and the English soldiers, drunk with blood and carnage, rushed forward. Emgheddo showed them the lifeless body of Theodore. At this sight the soldiers, stupefied, let fall their arms, and the two guards were saved." The will was copied and distributed to such officers as had remained faithful.

THEODORE'S WILL.—In the name of the Trinity, Theodore, last King of Ethiopia.—To conquer Theodore God said to the nation which holds under its sceptre more than half the universe, Go and unite your armies and fleets, I shall be with you; we will fight together and will crush him. It has been so. Should England keep the empire of my Abyssinian warriors, war to the oppressors. If they retire, I desire that my son Mechecha may succeed me; and I, Emperor, say to him—Be the friend of those to whom God hath given the victory, for they know how to protect their friends; be the friend of those warriors, for they are invincible. The other . . . jackals are afraid of the English lion. Mechecha, be great as thy father, and fear the Trinity.

The narrative in the *Patrie* is signed by Count R. du Bisson, a traveller in Abyssinia, who was always on friendly terms with its late ruler, and not in favour of the English expedition.

## BANKS.

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| | |
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| CALCUTTA..... | BOMBAY..... |
| MADRAS..... | KURRACHEE ... |
| AGRA ..... | LAHORE..... |

The Bombay Manager grants Bills of Exchange at the following rates on London at 6 months sight at 1/11 1/8 per Rupee

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 4 | do. | 1/11 " |
| 3 | do. | 1/10 7/8 " |
| 2 | do. | 1/10 3/4 " |
| 1 | do. | 1/10 5/8 " |
| On demand | | 1/10 1/2 " |
| On Scotland | | 1/10 1/2 " |

No drafts at less than six months sight are granted for sums under £5 and sums under £20 are only drawn for on demand.

*Interest.*

On Deposits repayable on demand will be credited half yearly (on 30th June and 31st December) at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 upon all accounts the balances of which have not during the six months fallen below Rs. 1,000. When such has been the case, no interest will be allowed.

On Fixed Deposits subject to 3 months Notice of withdrawal 3 per cent. per ann.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Do. | 6 | do. 4 |
| Do. | 12 | do. 5 |
| Do. | 24 | do. 6 |

The Bank takes charge of Government Paper and other ecurities for constituents without charge.

All Drafts or Hoondies forwarded for realisation should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited or order.

Hours of business 10 to 3, Saturday 10 to 1.

Bombay, 12th June 1868. EDWARD MORRISS, Manager

### ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.—INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

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| On London at 6 months' sight | ..... | 1s. 11 1/8d. do. |
| " 4 | do. | ..... 1s. 11d. do. |
| " 3 | do. | ..... 1s. 10 15/16d. do. |
| " 2 | do. | ..... 1s. 10¾d. do. |
| " 1 | do. | ..... 1s. 10 13/16d. do. |
| On demand | ..... | 1s. 10¾d. do. |
| On Scotland | do. | ..... 1s. 10 11/16d. do. |
| On Ireland | do. | ..... |
| On Paris | do. | ..... 1s 10 5/8d. do. |

Circular Notes payable throughout Europe. 1s. 10 5/8d. do.

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All Treasury Drafts, Hoondees and other orders for realisation to be endorsed "Pay the Oriental Bank Corporation, or order."

Any information as to rules of business may be had on application at the office or by letter to the Agent.

KURRACHEE SUB-AGENCY.

An Agency of the Corporation has been opened at Kurrachee, where Deposits are received on the same terms as at Bombay. The Agent also buys Bills on England and elsewhere, and grants Drafts on the Head Office and Branches of the Corporation.

Bombay, 19th June 1868.

### ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.—Capital £2,000,000 sterling Funds in hand exceed £1,000,000.

FIRE BRANCH.

| | £ | s. | d. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Fire premiums 1862 ..... | 300,690 | 15 | 11 |
| Do. 1863 ..... | 341,668 | 3 | 2 |
| Do. 1864 ..... | 406 403 | 13 | 10 |

Showing an increase over 1863 of ..... 64,735 10

Policies covering risks on Merchandise and Buildings in Bombay continue to be granted by the above Company through their Agents. DETACHED BUNGALOWS AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE insured on very favourable terms.

LIFE BRANCH.

| | £ | s. | d. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Life Premiums for 1860 ..... | 73,150 | 18 | 6 |
| Do. 1862 ..... | 105,703 | 1 | 11 |
| Do. 1864 ..... | 152,159 | 2 | 0 |

The undersigned, under instructions from the Head Office, are prepared to receive Proposals for Life Assurance with the above Company from Residens in India, and will be happy to afford every information regarding Rates of Premium, Participation in Profits, &c., to intending applicants for Insurance.

BOMANJEE DOSSABHOY,
CAMPBELL, MITCHELL & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company

Bombay, 16th September, 1864.

## WINES, SPIRITS, BEER &c.,

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned, F. J. BRAND & Co's CROWN SHERRIES, in cases of 1, 2 & 3 dozen each. Apply to PASSMORE & Co.

Bruce Lane, 16th June 1868.

### GOOD DINNER SHERRY.

| | Cash. | Credit. |
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| Per dozen | Rs. 25 0 | Rs. 28 0 |
| REDUCED TO | Rs. 21 0 | Rs. 24 0 |

to clear off the consignment and make room for expected supplies of Messrs. J. and C. White and Co.'s Wines for which the undersigned have been appointed Agents.

Bombay and Poona. TREACHER & Co., Ld.

FOR SALE, APPLY TO GADDUM & Co.

CLARET.
- From Keyl & Co., Bordeaux.
- Medoc ..... quarts at Rs. 12 per dozen.
- " ..... pints at " 7½ "
- St. Laurent ..... quarts at " 18 "
- Chateau Beitasse " at " 25 "
- Cognac tres vieux ..... at " 25 "

BURGUNDY.
- " Champagne at " 35 "
- From C. S. Kupferberg Mayence.

SPARKLING MOSELLE & HOCK.
- Schwarzberg ..... quarts at Rs. 30 p. doz
- " ..... pints at " 16 "
- Imperial ..... quarts at " 32 "
- " ..... pints at " 17 "
- Die Perle des Rheins quarts at " 35 "
- Moselle ..... " at " 24 "
- " ..... pints at " 13 "
- " Johannisberg ..... quarts at " 33 "

GADDUM & Co.

### J. & C. WHITE & CO.'S WINES.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, LIMITED, having taken up Messrs. White's business, are about to introduce their

CELEBRATED WINES

more extensively into this Presidency. To meet the demand expected, from the unrivalled reputation attained by these Wines in the Home Market and the Presidencies of Bengal and Madras, very large consignments of their various brands are now on the way.

AT PRESENT T. & Co., Limited, can only supply

| MESSRS. J. & C. WHITE'S | Cash. Rs. as. | Credit. Rs. as. |
|---|---|---|
| White Sealed Sherry ..... | 30 0 | 33 0 |

Orders can be registered for the following brands of MESSRS. J. & C. WHITE & CO'S WINES To arrive by Ship "ALBUERA" due in July.

| | Cash. | Credit |
|---|---|---|
| | Rs. as. | Rs. as. |
| Pale Dinner Sherry..... | 22 0 | 24 0 |
| Vino de Pasto..... | 27 0 | 30 0 |
| Superior Pale Sherry..... | 30 0 | 33 0 |
| Fine Manzanilla..... | 34 0 | 38 0 |
| Light Amontillado..... | 38 0 | 42 0 |
| Superior Ditto..... | 44 0 | 48 0 |
| Fine Old Port ..... | 27 0 | 30 0 |
| Superior Ditto ..... | 34 0 | 38 0 |

Bombay and Poona. TREACHER & Co. Ld.)

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, a SOCIABLE LANDAU, by Laurie and Marner. The Carriage is a first class one, in excellent order, and suitable for either monsoon or fine weather. Apply to MR. BROMLEY. Rampart Row. BROMLEY, BEST, & BROWN.

FOR SALE, at the Office of this Paper—Price Re. 4—Rules relating to the winding up of Joint Stock Companies, made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, pursuant to Section 189 of the Indian Companies' Act 1866.

FOR SALE—"GOD, THE CAUSE OF JOY." A SERMON preached in the Cathedral on Sunday the 3rd May, by the Rev. C. T. WILSON, acting Garrison Chaplain. Price 4 Annas. One Anna Postage to Out-stations.

CHESSON & WOODHALL.

FOR SALE.—Just arrived by Overland Mail and per "CORONA"

Salted Beef in Tierces and Barrel.
Do. Pork do. do. do.
Preserved Assorted Meat.
Egyptian Flour in Barrel.

Apply to the undersigned.

DADABHOY RUTONJEE & Co.

Nesbit Lane, Fort.

KINLOCH & ALLAN, IRON MERCHANTS.—Hardware of all descriptions, Contractors' Tools, Plumbers' Material.

Just landed, ex "Admiral de Winter," No. 20 W. G. GALVANIZED CORRUGATED IRON, and ex "City of Shanghai" 6 inches and 9 inches CAST IRON SOCKET PIPES.

Prompt despatch to all Orders entrusted to our care.

KINLOCH & ALLAN.

Bombay, 4th June 1868.

FOR THE APPROACHING SEASON.—FRESH VEGETABLE, FLOWER and FRUIT SEEDS, &c., &c., just imported by the Overland Mail Steamer "SUMATRA."

HIRJEEBHOY RUSTOMJEE BAXTER begs respectfully to inform his Patrons and the Public of the arrival of his annual supply of fresh Vegetable, Flower, and Fruit Seeds, each packet of the two first containing 24 useful varieties and of the Fruit 12 varieties. The whole have been carefully selected by an experienced Agent with reference to their suitability to the Indian climate, and can be confidently recommended.

The following can be had loose by weight :—

White and Red Drumhead Cabbage, Crimson Beet, Radish, Turnip, Cauliflower, French Endive, Garlic, Parsley, Cress, White Cos Lettuce, &c. French Beans and Peas may be had alone with the above packet.

H. R. BAXTER has also on hand Gardening Manuals, illustrated with Engravings and Plans, giving full information to persons inexperienced in the art of Gardening.

H. R. B. also desires to call particular attention to the Powders below named which are unrivalled :—

PERSIAN INSECT POWDER.—This Powder, while perfectly enoxious to animal life, is unrivalled in the total destruction of Fleas, Beetles, Moths, and every variety of insect. For Dogs, the Powder well rubbed into their coats will immediately destroy all Fleas,—a great desideratum both to Sportsmen and to Ladies; while for domestic purposes it is even more invaluable, especially for use in bed-rooms or store closets, as no Bug could live near the influence of this never failing destroyer; and to Moths it is equally destructive. In greenhouse its use is very efficacious in destroying the small Green Fly, so prejudicial to the health of plants: for this purpose some powder should be sprinkled on some red-hot wood or coals. For Beetles it is undeniably the best destroyer known, as a very small quantity sprinkled in places they most frequent will be fatal to them.

WORM POWDER FOR DOGS.—This is strongly recommended as a safe and effectual remedy for the speedy destruction and removal of the above, and innumerable assurances having been received of its valuable nature, both as a specific and alternative. It renders the coat fine and glossy, and is most useful for the preservation of the animal's general health.

HIRJEEBHOY RUSTOMJEE BAXTER.

No. 26 Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION—At the Rooms of BOMANJEE DOSSABHOY, Commission Agent, next to the Book and Tract Society, Esplanade.

JUST LANDED EX "RHONE."

A few sets of very best double stitched Buggy and Dog Cart Harness plated on German Silver, some of them have tip plate and covered buckles with round reins.

ALSO,

The Property of an Officer.

A quite new Hog Skin Saddle and Bridle with spare two bridles, &c., by Pitt, of London, in a case.

AND ALSO,

The properties of Gentlemen.

A very neat, light, and nearly new single Horse Miniature Brougham, painted dark green, with Circular Glasses on front.

A nearly new Cab Buggy on C. Springs, by E. Kesterton

A second-hand single-seated light Brougham with Lamps and Shaft.

The Properties of 2 Gentlemen.

A first class nearly new English-built Hansom Cab with Lamps.

A Do. Do. Single-seated small Miniature Brougham with Lamps, Pole, and Shaft.

Also,

A new English-built Dennett with Lamps.

A Do. do. very small Pony Curricle with spare Shaft for making a Dog Cart at pleasure.

A new and light English-built door Shigram with Lamps and Shaft by McNaught and Smith.

Also,

A nearly new English-built four-seated light Open Carriage, with Lamps, Pole, and Shaft.

A Ditto Ditto Malvern Dog Cart with Lamps, by McNaught and Smith.

Just Landed.

A first-class small Miniature Brougham, with Lamps, Poles, and Shafts, by Edwin Casterton, Longacre; it was expressly built for the Exhibition.

The Property of a Gentleman.

A nearly new English-built four-seated roomy Open Carriage, with Lamps and Poles.

A nearly new light Mail Phaeton, with movable hind seat to make a Waggonette at pleasure, by Moss Builder, 98, Euston Road.

A nearly new Cab Buggy, on C. Springs, by James Henderson, Glasgow.

The property of a Gentleman.

A first-rate very handsome and nearly new full size Miniature Brougham, with circular Glasses on front, lamps and pole, by Laurie and Manner, expressly built to order for India.

Also,

2 full size Miniature Broughams, by Edwin Kesterton, Longacre.

1 very handsome nearly new English-built four-seated Cab Phaeton, with Lamps, Pole, and Shafts, by "Jones," of Southampton,

1 Ditto very small self-driving Pouey Phaeton, with Lamps and Shafts.

2 Very handsome new English-built Cab Buggy, on C. springs, by Silk and Sons.

1 Ditto Ditto small Park Phaeton, with moveable Driving-box.

1 Ditto Brougham ditto by E. Davis.

1 Ditto London Sociable ditto.

One nearly new English-built very small Miniature Brougham with circular glasses on front.

And also,

A very handsome English-built self-driving Cab Phaeton, by Silk and Sons.

One Ditto high wheeled Vaggonette with moveable Hood.

1 very small and light Hansom Cab, painted dark green.

A very handsome English-built Cab Buggy, painted dark green and lining to match.

And also,

A fresh batch of Buggy and Dog Cart harness plated on white metal with round and flat reins, and highly furnished, plate Powder, Carriage Rugs, Buggy and carriage Whips, and a few Iron Carriage Lifters for greasing Carriages.

The above to be seen at the Rooms of the undersigned on the verge of the Elphinstone Cross Road, close to the Book and Tract Society's Depository, Esplanade.

Several other new and second-hand, Different kinds of Carriages to be seen in the other Godown, about 30 yards from the Rooms of the undersigned, on application.

BOMANJEE DOSSABHOY,
Auctioneer and Commission Agent.

Commission Rooms, Esplanade, Bombay, 29th June, 1868.

## NOTICES.

MONSOON CONVEYANCE.—A GREAT BARGAIN!—FOR SALE ON COMMISSION, a new, large, and roomy CARRIAGE, Brougham and Shigram combined. Cost in England £118, net, without Packing Charges. Freight Duty, &c. Price Rs. 750. On view at TREACHER & Co., Limited, Byculla Establishment.

R. WHITCHELO, House Decorator and Painter. Writing, Gilding, Marbling and Graining. Shipping orders promptly attended to. Oils and Paints supplied ready for use on the shortest notice. Estimates given for general repairs.

R. WHITCHELO,
35, Nesbit Lane, Mazagon, near the P. and O. Club.

ESPERANCE & Co.,
TAILORS, OUTFITTERS, &c

Orders for Civil, Military, and Naval Outfits promptly and satisfactorily executed on reasonable terms.

ESPERANCE & Co.

23, Apello Street, Bombay.

N. B.—VISITING, WEDDING, and other Cards. SEALS, &c., neatly ENGRAVED and PRINTED.

E. & Co.

REFUND OF EXTRA PREMIUM.

ALBERT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ASSURANTS who have paid EXTRA PREMIUM for active service in Abyssinia are requested to send their Policies to the undersigned for Endorsement and refund of Extra Rate as it has been decided by the Head Office in London that the ordinary Tabular Premium was sufficient for the risk incurred.

By authority,
D. McL SLATER,
Secretary for Western India.

Bombay, 2nd June 1868.

S. MAW & SON,
Manufacturers of
SURGEONS' INSTRUMENTS,
INFANTS' FEEDING BOTTLES, LINT, &c., &c.,
And Dealers in all kinds of
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
AND
APOTHECARIES' WARES,
11 & 12, ALDERSGATE ST., LONDON, E. C.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES forwarded to the Trade on receipt of Business Card.

BYCULLA HOTEL, at the junction of the Sellasis and Clare Road, Byculla.

This Hotel is fitted up and furnished in the most complete manner; no expense has been spared to render it the most commodious and comfortable Establishment both for Gentlemen and Families to be found in Bombay. The Sleeping Apartments and Sitting Rooms are replete with every convenience and the strictest regard is paid to cleanliness throughout the premises.

The Table is abundantly supplied with viands of unrivalled excellence, and the Culinary Department is under the immediate supervision of the Proprietor.

The Wines, Liquors, and Beer are of the very best description, supplied direct from the most celebrated houses in the London and Continental markets.

The Proprietor confidently recommends this Establishment to the patronage of Travellers and Residents, all of whom may be here accommodated with the comforts of a home at moderate charges.

The Hotel is pleasantly situated and within five minutes' drive of both the Railway Stations, and may be reached in a short time from the Bunders.

Byculla Hotel, 7th June 1867.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.

DR. DE JONGH'S
LIGHT-BROWN
COD LIVER OIL.

The undersigned having received information that fraudulent imitations of this celebrated Oil are extensively sold by unprincipled dealers in INDIA and CHINA, all purchasers of DR. DE JONGH'S OIL are especially requested to observe that the following are the indications of the genuineness of the Oil.

The bottle is sealed with an impressed metallic capsule (centre, a cod-fish on a shield, encircled by the words "DR. DE JONGH'S COD LIVER OIL.")

The label, and 16-page pamphlet round each bottle, under pink outside wrapper, bear DR. DE JONGH'S SIGNATURE and STAMP (centre, a cod-fish on a shield, encircled by the words "DR DE JONGH'S COD LIVER OIL.").

NOTICE.—Rs. 1,000 REWARD.

Any parties counterfeiting DR. DE JONGH'S SIGNATURE and STAMP, or copying or colourably imitating his label, or preparing, selling, or importing FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL, will be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law for forgery and fraud.

ONE THOUSAND RUPEES REWARD

will be paid for such information as shall lead to the detection and conviction of any person so offending.

Communications in strict confidence received by DR.